ADDENDUM DATED SEPTEMBER 22, 2008 TO OFFICIAL STATEMENT DATED SEPTEMBER 18, 2008

\$32,500,000 SANTA FE COUNTY, NEW MEXICO General Obligation Bonds Series 2008

All of the information in the Official Statement dated September 18, 2008 (the "Official Statement") is accurate as of the date of this Addendum dated September 22, 2008 (the "Addendum"), except as follows: The initial Purchaser's name appearing on the cover page of the Official Statement as "Morgan Stanley" is "Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated."

This Addendum is to be read in conjunction with the Official Statement and is subject to the same limitations and qualifications as set forth therein. Capitalized terms not otherwise defined herein are as defined in the Official Statement.

\$32,500,000 SANTA FE COUNTY, NEW MEXICO General Obligation Bonds Series 2008

Dated: Date of Delivery

Due: July 1, as shown below

RATINGS: Moody's: Aa1

S&P: AA+

The Bonds are issuable as fully registered bonds and when initially purchased will be registered in the name of Cede & Co., as nominee of The Depository Trust Company, New York, ("DTC"). Purchases of the Bonds will be made in book-entry form only, in the principal amount of \$5,000 or any integral multiple thereof, through brokers and dealers who are, or who act through, DTC Participants. Beneficial owners of the Bonds will not be entitled to receive physical delivery of bond certificates so long as DTC or a successor securities depository acts as the securities depository with respect to the Bonds. Interest on the Bonds is payable on each January 1 and July 1, commencing July 1, 2009. As long as DTC or its nominee is the registered owner of the Bonds, reference in this Official Statement to the registered owner will mean Cede & Co., and payments of principal or interest on the Bonds will be made directly to DTC by the Paying Agent. Disbursements of such payments to DTC Participants is the responsibility of DTC. See "The Bonds – Book-Entry-Only System" herein. The Santa Fe County Treasurer is the Registrar and Paying Agent for the Bonds.

The Bonds are issuable only as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 each or any integral multiple thereof. The Bonds will bear interest from the delivery date.

MATURITIES, INTEREST RATES AND YIELDS OR PRICES

Year (July 1)	Principal	Interest Rate	Price/Yield	Year (July 1)	Principal	Interest Rate	Price/Yield
2009	\$2,000,000	3.000%	1.700%	2017	\$2,000,000	4.000%	3.450%
2010	1,600,000	3.000%	2.100%	2018	2,500,000	4.000%	3.650%
2011	1,000,000	3.000%	2.250%	2019	3,250,000	4.000%	3.850%
2012	1,000,000	3.000%	2.450%	2020	3,250,000	4.000%	100.000
2013	1,000,000	3.000%	2.650%	2021	3,000,000	4.000%	4.120%
2014	1,000,000	3.000%	2.900%	2022	3,000,000	4.125%	4.200%
2015	1,000,000	3.500%	3.150%	2023	3,000,000	4.250%	100.000
2016	1,000,000	3.500%	3.300%	2024	2,900,000	4.250%	4.300%

The Bonds are general obligations of Santa Fe County, New Mexico (the "County"), payable from general (ad valorem) taxes which shall be levied against all taxable property in the County without limitation as to rate or amount.

The County has undertaken, for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds, to provide certain annual and periodic disclosures described under the caption "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE INFORMATION" herein.

THE BONDS ARE SUBJECT TO OPTIONAL REDEMPTION PRIOR TO MATURITY AS MORE FULLY DESCRIBED HEREIN. SEE "THE BONDS - Optional Redemption of Bonds" HEREIN.

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to the County Commission's powers under Section 4-49-1 through 4-49-21, inclusive, and Section 6-15-1 through 6-15-10, NMSA 1978 as amended and supplemented, the Constitution and other laws of the State, for the purpose of providing funds for the acquisition, construction, design, equipping, and improvement of roads within the County and related public works facilities to house, maintain and service road improvement equipment and for the acquisition of real property for, and construction, design, equipping, rehabilitation and improvement of water improvement projects within Santa Fe County, New Mexico.

The Bonds are offered when, as and if issued by the County, subject to the approval of Modrall, Sperling, Roehl, Harris & Sisk, P.A., as Bond Counsel and certain other conditions. It is expected that the Bonds will be available for delivery on or about October 14, 2008, through the facilities of the Depository Trust Company, New York, New York.

Dated: September 18, 2008.

Morgan Stanley

USE OF INFORMATION IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT

No dealer, salesman or other person has been authorized by Santa Fe County, New Mexico (the "County") to give any information or to make any statements or representations, other than those contained in this Official Statement, and, if given or made, such other information, statements or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized. This Official Statement does not constitute an offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to buy any of the Bonds in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not authorized, or in which any person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so, or to any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. The information set forth or included in this Official Statement has been provided by the County and from other sources believed by the County to be reliable. The information and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice, and neither the delivery of this Official Statement nor any sale hereunder shall create any implication that there has been no change in the financial condition or operations of the County described herein since the date hereof. This Official Statement contains, in part, estimates and matters of opinion that are not intended as statements of fact, and no representation or warranty is made as to the correctness of such estimates and opinions or that they will be realized.

The Bonds have not been registered under the Securities Act of 1933, in reliance upon exemptions contained in such Act. The registration and qualification of the Bonds in accordance with applicable provisions of the securities law of the states in which the Bonds have registered or qualified and the exemption from registration or qualification in other states cannot be regarded as a recommendation thereof. Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any other federal, state, municipal or other governmental entity, nor any agency or department thereof, has passed upon the merits of the Bonds or the accuracy or completeness of this Official Statement. Any representation to the contrary may be a criminal offense.

This Official Statement is "deemed final" by the County for purposes of Rule 15c2-12 of the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board. The County has covenanted to provide such annual financial statements and other information in the manner as may be required by regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission or other regulatory body.

IN MAKING AN INVESTMENT DECISION INVESTORS MUST RELY ON THEIR OWN EXAMINATION OF THE COUNTY AND THE TERMS OF THE OFFERING, INCLUDING THE MERITS AND RISKS INVOLVED. THESE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN RECOMMENDED BY ANY FEDERAL OR STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION OR REGULATORY AUTHORITY. FURTHERMORE, THE FOREGOING AUTHORITIES HAVE NOT CONFIRMED THE ACCURACY OR DETERMINED THE ADEQUACY OF THIS DOCUMENT. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE.

This Official Statement contains statements that are "forward-looking statements" as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When used in this Official Statement, the words "estimate," "project," "intend," "expect," and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated in such forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. A number of such risks and uncertainties are described under the heading "SPECIAL FACTORS RELATING TO THE BONDS."

SANTA FE COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

County Administration Building 102 Grant Avenue Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501 (505) 986-6200

COUNTY COMMISSION

Chairperson Paul Campos
Vice-Chair Virginia Vigil
Commissioner Jack Sullivan
Commissioner Mike D. Anaya
Commissioner Harry B. Montoya

ADMINISTRATION

County Manager Roman Abeyta
County Clerk Valerie Espinoza
County Treasurer Victor A. Montoya
County Assessor Domingo Martinez
County Finance Director
County Attorney Stephen C. Ross

FINANCIAL ADVISOR

RBC Capital Markets Corporation 6301 Uptown Boulevard N.E. Suite 110 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87110

BOND COUNSEL

Modrall, Sperling, Roehl, Harris & Sisk, P.A. 500 Fourth Street, NW Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102 (505) 848-1800

PAYING AGENT/REGISTRAR

Santa Fe County Treasurer 102 Grant Avenue Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501



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OFFICIAL STATEMENT

\$32,500,000 Santa Fe County, New Mexico General Obligation Bonds Series 2008

INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

This Official Statement is furnished to prospective purchasers of the Santa Fe County, New Mexico, General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008 (the "Bonds"), issued in the aggregate principal amount of \$32,500,000 by Santa Fe County, New Mexico (the "County"). The offering of the Bonds is made only by way of this Official Statement and the Official Notice of Meeting and Bond Sale, authorized by a resolution adopted by the Board of County Commissioners (the "Board") on July 8, 2008 (the "Notice of Sale Resolution"). Additional information concerning the County, the Bonds and other aspects of this offering may be obtained either from the County or from RBC Capital Markets Corporation (the "Financial Advisor") at the address set forth in the section entitled "ADDITIONAL INFORMATION."

The following material is qualified in its entirety by the more complete information contained throughout this Official Statement, and detachment or other use of this "INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY" without the entire Official Statement, including the cover page and the appendices, is unauthorized.

All terms used in this Official Statement that are not defined herein shall have the meanings given such terms in the Notice of Sale Resolution.

The Issuer

The County is located in north central New Mexico, with a land area of 1,909 square miles and a population of 147,000 (estimated 2007). The City of Santa Fe is the State capital and County seat. The economy is based primarily upon government and related activities, retail trade, tourism, and cultural and recreational activities and facilities.

Authority for Issuance and Purpose

The Bonds are issued in accordance with the Constitution and laws of the State of New Mexico, in particular, Sections 4-49-1 through 4-49-21, and Sections 6-15-1 through 6-15-10 NMSA 1978, as amended and supplemented. The Bonds are the second series of general obligation bonds approved by the qualified electors of the County at an election held on November 2, 2004 to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, design, equipping, and improvement of roads within the County and related public works facilities to house, maintain and service road improvement equipment, for the acquisition of real property for, and construction, design, equipping, rehabilitation and improvement of water improvement projects and for the acquisition, construction, design, equipping and improvement of necessary public buildings within the County to house, maintain and service fire protection equipment in Santa Fe, New Mexico.

The Bonds

The Bonds will be registered as to principal and interest, issued in denominations of \$5,000 each, or integral multiples thereof, in conformance with the Constitution and laws of the State and pursuant to the Resolution. The Bonds shall mature in the principal amounts and on the dates shown on the cover

page hereof. Interest shall be payable July 1, 2009 and on January 1 and July 1 of each year thereafter to registered owners shown on the books of the Registrar on the 15th day of the month preceding each regularly scheduled interest payment date thereafter (a "Record Date"). The Bonds will be issued only in fully registered form and will be initially registered and delivered to Cede & Co., the nominee of The Depository Trust Company pursuant to the book-entry-only system described herein.

Security

The Bonds are secured by the County's full faith and credit and are general obligations of the County payable from ad valorem taxes to be levied, without limitation as to rate or amount, against all taxable property within the County. See "SECURITY AND REMEDIES."

Purpose

The Bonds are being issued to provide funds for the acquisition of real property for, and construction, design, equipping, rehabilitation and improvement of water improvement projects within the County.

Financial Statements

The County's audited financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007 including the opinions rendered thereon of certified public accountants, are attached as Appendix B.

Selected Debt Ratios

2008 Preliminary Assessed Valuation 2008 Estimated Actual Valuation	2008* \$6,550,808,646 \$19,880,560,653
District Net Debt as a Percentage of Assessed Valuation Estimated Actual Valuation	1.73% 0.57%
Direct and Overlapping Debt as a % of Assessed Valuation Estimated Actual Valuation	3.54% 1.17%
Estimated Population	147,000
District General Obligation Current Outstanding Debt Series 2008 General Obligation Bonds	\$80,795,000 \$32,500,000
District Net General Obligation Debt	\$113,152,900
Estimated Direct and Overlapping GO Debt	\$231,678,251
District Net Debt Per Capita	\$769.75
Direct and Overlapping Debt Per Capita	\$1,576.04
* Preliminary	

See "DEBT AND OTHER FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS – General Obligation Debt" herein.

Tax Matters

In the opinion of Modrall, Sperling, Roehl, Harris & Sisk, P.A., the interest on the Bonds will be excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes under existing law, subject to the matters described under the caption "TAX EXEMPTION" herein, including the alternative minimum tax on corporations.

Agents and Advisors

The County Treasurer will serve as Paying Agent and Registrar. Barraclough & Associates has audited the County's general purpose financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007.

Modrall, Sperling, Roehl, Harris & Sisk, P.A., Albuquerque, New Mexico, has acted as bond counsel for the issuance of the Bonds and has also acted as special counsel to the County in connection with the preparation of this Official Statement and the sale of the Bonds. See "LEGAL MATTERS" herein. RBC Capital Markets Corporation, Albuquerque New Mexico, has acted as Financial Advisor to the County for the issuance of the Bonds.

Additional Information

This Official Statement is accurate only as of its date, and no representation is made that the information contained herein has not changed since that date. This Official Statement is intended to be made available to investors through the Financial Advisor.

The quotations from, and summaries and explanations of, the statutes, regulations and documents contained herein do not purport to be complete, and reference is made to those statutes, regulations and documents for full and complete statements of their provisions. Copies, in reasonable quantity, of those statutes, regulations and documents may be obtained upon request directed to the County, and upon payment to the County of a charge for copying, mailing and handling, at the Santa Fe County Administration Building, 102 Grant Avenue, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501, telephone number (505) 986-6200, Attention: County Manager.

Any statements in this Official Statement involving matters of opinion, whether or not expressly so stated, are intended as such and not as representations of fact. This Official Statement is not to be construed as a contract between the County and the purchasers or holders of any of the Bonds.

THE BONDS

Description

The Bonds are general obligation bonds to be issued by the County in the total principal amount of \$32,500,000 and will be dated the Date of Delivery, which is expected to be on or about October 14, 2008. The Bonds will be issued as fully registered bonds in denominations of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof, bearing interest from their date to maturity at the rates specified on the cover page of this Official Statement payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1 each year, commencing on July 1, 2009, and maturing serially, as set forth on the cover page of this Official Statement.

The Bonds will be issued only in fully registered form and will be initially registered and delivered only to Cede & Co., the nominee of The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), pursuant to the

book-entry-only system described herein. No physical delivery of the Bonds will be made to the owners hereof. Principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds will be payable by the Paying Agent/Registrar to Cede & Co., which will make distribution of the amounts so paid to the beneficial owners of the Bonds. See "THE BONDS – Book-Entry-Only System" herein.

Authorization

The Bonds are being issued pursuant to the Board's powers under Article IX, Section 10 of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico, and Sections 4-49-1 through 4-49-21 and 6-15-1 through 6-15-22 NMSA 1978, as amended and supplemented, the Notice of Sale Resolution and the resolution of the Board awarding the Bonds to the successful bidder for the Bonds in the public sale held on September 9, 2008 (together, the "Resolution"). A copy of the Official Notice of Meeting and Bond Sale is attached to this Official Statement as Appendix C.

Bond Registrar and Paying Agent

The County Treasurer will serve as the Bond Registrar (the "Registrar") and Paying Agent (the "Paying Agent") for the Bonds.

Payment of Principal and Interest; Record Date

The principal of the Bonds is payable to the registered owners of the Bonds at the principal office of the Paying Agent. Interest on the Bonds is payable by check or draft of the Paying Agent mailed on or before each interest payment date to the registered owners of the Bonds as of the close of business on the 15th day of the calendar month preceding the interest payment date (the "Regular Record Date") at the addresses appearing in the registration books maintained by the Registrar; but any such interest not so timely paid or duly provided for shall cease to be payable to the person who is the registered owner thereof at the close of business on the Regular Record Date and shall be payable to the person who is the registered owner thereof at the close of business on the date to be fixed by the Registrar whenever moneys become available for the payment of defaulted interest (the "Special Record Date").

Optional Redemption of Bonds

The Bonds maturing on or after July 1, 2019 are subject to prior redemption at the County's option in one or more units of principal of \$5,000 on and after July 1, 2018, in whole or in part at any time, in such order of maturities as the County may determine (and by lot if less than all Bonds of such maturity is called, such selection by lot to be made by the Registrar in such manner as considered appropriate and fair) for the principal amount of each \$5,000 unit of principal so redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

Redemption Procedures

Notice of redemption shall be given by the Registrar by sending a copy of such notice by first-class, postage prepaid mail at least thirty (30) days prior to the redemption date to the registered owner of each Bond, or portion thereof, to be redeemed at the address shown as of the close of business of the Registrar on the fifth day prior to the mailing of notice on the registration books kept by the Registrar. The County shall give notice of optional redemption of the Bonds to the Registrar at least forty-five (45) days prior to the redemption date (unless such deadline is waived by the Registrar). The Registrar's failure to give such notice to the registered owner of any Bond, or any defect therein, shall not affect the validity of the proceedings for the redemption of any Bonds for which proper notice was given. Notices of redemption shall specify the maturity dates and the number or numbers of the Bonds to be redeemed (if

less than all are to be redeemed) and if less than the full amount of any Bond is to be redeemed, the amount of such Bond to be redeemed, the date fixed for redemption, and that on such redemption date there will become and be due and payable upon each Bond to be redeemed at the office of the Paying Agent the principal amount to be redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date and that from and after such date interest will cease to accrue on such amount. Notice having been given in the manner hereinbefore provided, the Bond or Bonds so called for redemption shall become due and payable on the redemption date so designated and if an amount of money sufficient to redeem all Bonds called for redemption shall on the redemption date be on deposit with the Paying Agent, the Bonds to be redeemed shall be deemed not outstanding and shall cease to bear interest from and after such redemption date. Upon presentation of the Bonds to be redeemed at the office of the Paying Agent, the Paying Agent will pay the Bond or Bonds so called for redemption with funds deposited with the Paying Agent by the County.

Conditional Redemption

If money sufficient to pay the optional redemption price of the Bonds to be called for optional redemption are not on deposit with the Paying Agent prior to the giving of notice of optional redemption referred to above, such notice shall state such Bonds will be redeemed in whole or in part on the optional redemption date in a principal amount equal to that part of the optional redemption price received by the Paying Agent on the applicable optional redemption date. If the full amount of the optional redemption price is not received as set forth in the preceding sentence, the notice shall be effective only for those Bonds for which the optional redemption price is on deposit with the Paying Agent. If all Bonds called for optional redemption cannot be redeemed, the Bonds to be redeemed shall be selected in the manner deemed reasonable and fair by the County and the Registrar shall give notice, in the manner in which the original notice of optional redemption was given, that such money was not received. In that event, the Registrar shall promptly return to the Owners thereof the Bonds or certificates which it has received evidencing the part thereof which have not been optionally redeemed.

Exchange or Transfer of Bonds

The Registrar/Paying Agent will maintain the books of the County for the registration of ownership of the Bonds. Upon the surrender for transfer of any Bond at the principal office of the Registrar/Paying Agent, duly endorsed for transfer or accompanied by an assignment duly executed by the registered owner or his attorney duly authorized in writing, the Registrar/Paying Agent shall authenticate and deliver not more than three business days after receipt of the Bond to be transferred in the name of the transferee or transferees a new Bond or Bonds in fully registered form of the same aggregate principal amount of authorized denominations, and of the same maturity, interest rate and series, bearing a number or numbers not contemporaneously outstanding. Bonds may be exchanged at the principal office of the Registrar/Paying Agent for an equal aggregate principal amount of Bonds of other authorized denominations, and of the same maturity, series and interest rate. The Registrar/Paying Agent shall authenticate and deliver not more than three business days after receipt of the Bond to be exchanged a Bond or Bonds which the registered owner making the exchange is entitled to receive, bearing a number or numbers not contemporaneously outstanding. Exchanges and transfers of Bonds as herein provided shall be without charge to the owner or any transferee, but the Registrar/Paying Agent may require the payment by the owner of any Bond requesting exchange or transfer of any tax or other governmental charge required to be paid with respect to such exchange or transfer. See "THE BONDS - Book-Entry-Only System" herein for a description of the system to be utilized initially in regard to ownership and transferability of the Bonds.

Tax Covenants

In the Resolution, the County covenants for the benefit of the owners of the Bonds that it will restrict the use of the proceeds of the Bonds in such manner and to such extent, if any, as may be necessary so that the Bonds will not constitute arbitrage bonds under Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code").

The County further covenants that it (a) will take or cause to be taken such actions which may be required of it for the interest on the Bonds to be and remain excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes, and (b) will not take or permit to be taken any actions which would adversely affect that exclusion, and that it, or persons acting for it, will, among other acts of compliance, (i) apply the proceeds of the Bonds to the governmental purpose of the borrowing, (ii) restrict the yield, as required, on investment property acquired with those proceeds, (iii) make timely rebate payments, if required, to the federal government, (iv) maintain books and records and make calculations and reports, and (v) refrain from certain uses of proceeds, all in such manner and to the extent necessary to assure such exclusion of that interest under the Code. See "TAX EXEMPTION" herein.

Book-Entry-Only System

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the County believes to be reliable, but the County takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York ("DTC"), will act as securities depository for the Bonds. One fully registered bond for each maturity, in the aggregate principal amount of such maturity, will be registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. DTC holds securities that its participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the settlement among Direct Participants of securities transactions, such as transfers and pledges, in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry changes in Direct Participants' accounts, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations. DTC is owned by a number of its Direct Participants and by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc.; the American Stock Exchange, LLC; and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as securities brokers and dealers, banks and trust companies that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly, (the "Indirect Participants"). The rules applicable to DTC and its Direct and Indirect Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser or each Bond ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase, but Beneficial Owners are expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the

Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interest in the Bonds, except in the event that the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds. DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose such accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

For every transfer and exchange of Bonds or an interest therein, the Beneficial Owner may be charged a service charge together with a sum sufficient to cover any tax, fee or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to Cede Co. If fewer than all of the Bonds are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor such other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the Bonds. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the County as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy). Principal and interest payments on the Bonds will be made to DTC or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts, upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the County or the Paying Agent on the payment date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC or the County, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of principal and interest to DTC or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC is the responsibility of the County, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants is the responsibility of DTC, and disbursements of such payments to the Beneficial Owners is the responsibility of Direct Participants and Indirect Participants.

So long as Cede & Co. or its registered assign is the registered owner of the Bonds, the County will be entitled to treat Cede & Co., or its registered assign, as the absolute owner thereof for all purposes of the Resolution and any applicable laws, notwithstanding any notice to the contrary received by the County, and the County will have no responsibility for transmitting payments to, communicating with, notifying, or otherwise dealing with any Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

When reference is made to any action that is required or permitted to be taken by the Beneficial Owners, such reference relates only to those permitted to act by statute, regulation or otherwise on behalf

of such Beneficial Owners for such purposes. When notices are given, they are to be sent to DTC, and the County does not have responsibility for distributing such notices to the Beneficial Owners.

The County does not have any responsibility or obligation to the DTC Participants or the Beneficial Owners with respect to (a) the accuracy of any records maintained by DTC or any DTC Participant; (b) the payment of DTC or any DTC Participant of any amount due to any Beneficiary Owner in respect of principal of and premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds; (c) the selection of the Beneficial Owners to receive payment in the event of any partial redemption of the Bonds; (d) any consent given or other action taken by DTC, or its nominee, Cede & Co., as Bond Owner; or (e) the distribution by DTC to DTC Participants or Beneficial Owners of any notices received by DTC as registered owner of the Bonds.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the County. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, bond certificates are required to be printed and delivered.

The County may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, bond certificates will be printed.

SECURITY AND REMEDIES

General

The Bonds are general obligations of the County payable from ad valorem taxes, which may be levied against all taxable property within the County without limitation of rate or amount. The Bonds are secured by the obligation of the Board of County Commissioners of Santa Fe County to levy and collect upon all taxable property within the County a tax rate levy sufficient, together with other legally available revenues, to pay the debt service on the Bonds. Such annual levy for debt service creates a statutory tax lien that can be enforced personally against the owner of the property or enforced by sale of the property. Neither the State nor any other political subdivision has any responsibility to pay the debt service on the Bonds.

Legal Matters

Various State laws and constitutional provisions apply to the assessment and collection of ad valorem property taxes. There is no assurance that there will not be any amendment, change in the interpretation of, or addition to the applicable laws, provisions and regulations that would have a material effect, directly or indirectly, on the affairs of the County.

Limitations on Remedies Available to Owners of Bonds

There is no provision for acceleration of maturity of the principal of the Bonds in the event of a default in the payment of principal of or interest on the Bonds. Consequently, remedies available to the owners of the Bonds may have to be enforced from year to year.

The enforceability of the rights and remedies of the owners of the Bonds, and the obligations incurred by the County in issuing the Bonds, are subject to the following: the federal bankruptcy code and applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, or similar laws relating to or affecting the enforcement of creditor's rights generally, now or hereafter in effect; usual equity principles, which may limit the specific enforcement under State law of certain remedies; the exercise by the United States of

America of the powers delegated to it by the federal Constitution; and the reasonable and necessary exercise, in certain exceptional situations, of the police power inherent in the sovereignty of the State and its governmental bodies in the interest of serving a significant and legitimate public purpose. Bankruptcy proceedings, or the exercise of powers by the federal or State government, if initiated, could subject the owners of the Bonds to judicial discretion and interpretation of their rights in bankruptcy or otherwise, and consequently may entail risks of delay, limitation, or modification of their rights.

PURPOSE AND PLAN OF FINANCING

The Bonds are being offered for the purpose of providing funds for the acquisition of real property for, and construction, design, equipping, rehabilitation and improvement of water improvement projects within the County.

SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

The sources and uses of funds relating to the Bonds, other than accrued interest, are set forth in the following table.

SOURCES OF FUNDS

Bond proceeds	\$32,500,000
Reoffering Premium	58,500
TOTAL SOURCE OF FUNDS	\$32,558,500
USES OF FUNDS	
Deposit to Acquisition Fund	\$32,558,500
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	\$32,558,500

DEBT AND OTHER FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS

General Obligation Debt

Article IX, Section 13, of the New Mexico Constitution limits the powers of a county to incur general obligation debt in an aggregate amount, including existing indebtedness, exceeding four percent of the value of the taxable property within such county as shown by the last preceding general assessment. A test for maximum general obligation bonds outstanding of the county follows:

2008 Preliminary Assessed Valuation	\$6,550,808,646
2008 Estimated Actual Valuation (1)	\$19,880,560,653
Bonded Debt	
Current Outstanding Debt	\$80,795,000
Series 2008 General Obligation Bonds	32,500,000
Less Debt Service Fund Balance (2)	<u>142,100</u>
NET DEBT	<u>\$113,152,900</u>
Ratio of Estimated Net Debt to 2008 Preliminary Assessed Valuation	1.73%
Ratio of Estimated Net Debt to 2008 Estimated Actual Valuation	0.57%
Per Capita Net Bonded Debt:	\$769.75
Est. Population:	147,000

⁽¹⁾ Actual valuation is computed by adding 2007 exemptions to the 2008 assessed valuation and multiplying by three.

⁽²⁾ The cash balance as of August 22, 2008 was \$245,000. The amount attributable to principal reduction is 58%.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The following represents annual debt service expenses on the County's outstanding debt.

TYE	<u> </u>	Present Requirement			Se	eries 2008		Total
31-Oct	Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Total	Principal	Coupon	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>	Requirements
2009	\$4,360,000	\$3,473,676	\$7,833,676	2,000,000	3.000%	\$ 879,868	\$2,879,868	\$10,713,544
2010	4,250,000	3,273,920	7,523,920	1,600,000	3.000%	1,172,500	2,772,500	10,296,420
2011	4,145,000	3,085,030	7,230,030	1,000,000	3.000%	1,124,500	2,124,500	9,354,530
2012	4,280,000	2,907,514	7,187,514	1,000,000	3.000%	1,094,500	2,094,500	9,282,014
2013	4,430,000	2,719,806	7,149,806	1,000,000	3.000%	1,064,500	2,064,500	9,214,306
2014	3,745,000	2,549,800	6,294,800	1,000,000	3.000%	1,034,500	2,034,500	8,329,300
2015	4,355,000	2,388,375	6,743,375	1,000,000	3.500%	1,004,500	2,004,500	8,747,875
2016	4,720,000	2,193,225	6,913,225	1,000,000	3.500%	969,500	1,969,500	8,882,725
2017	5,155,000	1,957,138	7,112,138	2,000,000	4.000%	934,500	2,934,500	10,046,638
2018	4,555,000	1,733,050	6,288,050	2,500,000	4.000%	854,500	3,354,500	9,642,550
2019	2,250,000	1,591,188	3,841,188	3,250,000	4.000%	754,500	4,004,500	7,845,688
2020	2,750,000	1,501,188	4,251,188	3,250,000	4.000%	624,500	3,874,500	8,125,688
2021	3,250,000	1,383,250	4,633,250	3,000,000	4.000%	494,500	3,494,500	8,127,750
2022	3,900,000	1,249,188	5,149,188	3,000,000	4.125%	374,500	3,374,500	8,523,688
2023	3,900,000	1,083,250	4,983,250	3,000,000	4.250%	250,750	3,250,750	8,234,000
2024	4,700,000	914,000	5,614,000	2,900,000	4.250%	123,250	3,023,250	8,637,250
2025	3,900,000	709,063	4,609,063	-	-	-	-	4,609,063
2026	11,100,000	539,125	11,639,125	-	-	-	-	11,639,125
2027	1,050,000	44,625	1,094,625					1,094,625
	\$80,795,000	\$35,296,411	\$116,091,411	\$32,500,000		\$12,755,368	\$45,255,368	\$161,346,779

Statement of Estimated Direct and Overlapping Debt

The following calculation analyzes the debt load and per capita debt of the County payable from property taxes. In addition to outstanding debt of the County, the calculation takes into account debt attributable to taxing entities that is the responsibility of taxpayers within the boundaries of the County.

Governmental Entity	2008 Valuation*	GO Debt Outstanding	Applicable Percentage	<u>Amount</u>
State of New Mexico	\$50,234,893,540	\$309,865,000	13.04%	\$40,407,497
City of Santa Fe	3,502,776,192	-	100.00%	-
Town of Edgewood	65,555,300	-	100.00%	-
Espanola Schools	490,289,035	14,865,000	21.81%	3,242,057
Moriarty Schools	447,713,007	17,055,000	48.23%	8,225,797
Pojoaque Schools	167,745,555	5,850,000	100.00%	5,850,000
Santa Fe Community College	6,060,182,824	4,200,000	100.00%	4,200,000
Santa Fe Schools	6,060,182,824	56,600,000	100.00%	56,600,000
Santa Fe County	6,550,808,646	113,152,900	100.00%	113,152,900
Total Direct & Overlapping Debt				\$231,678,251
Ratio of Estimated Direct & Overlapping Debt to 2008 Preliminary Assessed Valuation:		3.82%		
Ratio of Estimated Direct & Overlapping Debt to 2 Actual Valuation:	2008 Estimated			1.17%
Per Capita Direct & Overlapping Debt:				\$1,576.04

^{*} Preliminary

Analysis of Assessed Valuation

Assessed Valuation of property within the County is calculated as follows: Of the total estimated actual valuation of all taxable property in the County, 33 1/3% is legally subject to ad valorem taxes. After deduction of certain personal exemptions, the 2008 Preliminary Assessed Valuation is \$6,550,808,646. The actual value of personal property within the County (see "Assessments" below) is determined by the County Assessor. The actual value of certain corporate property within the County (see "Centrally Assessed" below) is determined by the State of New Mexico, Taxation and Revenue Department, Property Tax Division.

The analysis of Assessed Valuation follows:

Analysis of Assessed Valuation

	2008*	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Assessments					
Value of Land	\$ -	\$2,090,684,617	\$1,819,334,132	\$1,654,986,091	\$1,489,737,116
Improvements	-	3,841,567,285	3,437,082,333	3,088,794,100	2,744,373,252
Personal Property	-	78,645,383	83,859,044	77,731,177	74,865,780
Mobile Homes	-	39,010,403	45,489,768	45,944,803	45,069,390
Livestock		1,541,647	1,466,907	1,758,318	1,492,914
Assessors Total Taxable Value	\$ -	\$6,051,449,335	\$5,387,232,184	\$4,869,214,489	\$4,355,538,452
Less Exemptions	-				
Head of Family	-	33,790,500	33,262,500	32,737,066	32,395,000
Veterans	-	42,254,405	39,209,265	33,942,618	27,367,372
Other					
Total Assessors Net	\$ -	\$76,044,905	\$72,471,765	\$ 66,679,684	\$ 59,762,372
Taxable Value	-	5,975,404,613	5,314,760,419	4,802,534,805	4,295,776,080
Centrally Assessed	-	99,486,137	90,254,347	84,806,674	78,818,625
Total Assessed Valuation	\$6,550,808,646	\$6,074,890,750	\$5,405,014,766	\$4,887,341,479	\$4,374,594,705

Source: State of New Mexico, Taxation and Revenue Department, Property Tax Division, and Office of the Santa Fe County Assessor.

^{*} Preliminary

A further analysis of Assessed Valuation classified as Residential and Non-Residential for the last five years follows:

	<u>2008*</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Residential	\$4,774,246,948	\$4,477,871,022	\$4,034,418,958	\$3,637,538,336	\$3,228,093,487
Non-Residential	1,776,561,698	<u>1,597,019,728</u>	<u>1,370,595,808</u>	1,249,803,143	<u>1,146,501,218</u>
Total	<u>\$6,550,808,646</u>	\$6,074,890,750	\$5,405,014,766	<u>\$4,887,341,479</u>	<u>\$4,374,594,705</u>
Growth	7.83%	12.39%	10.59%	11.72%	7.93%

Source: State of New Mexico, Taxation and Revenue Department, Property Tax Division, and Office of the Santa Fe County Assessor.

History of Assessed Valuation

The following is a history of assessed valuation for the City of Santa Fe and the County. Since 2001, the tax base of the City has increased 45.1% and the tax base of the County has increased 49.4%.

Tax Year	City of Santa Fe	Santa Fe County
2008	\$3,502,776,192	\$6,550,808,646
2007	3,221,060,817	6,074,890,750
2006	2,934,789,574	5,405,014,763
2005	2,667,165,858	4,887,341,479
2004	2,415,092,247	4,374,594,705

Tax Rates

Article VIII, Section 2, of the New Mexico Constitution limits the total ad valorem taxes for operational purposes levied by all overlapping governmental units within the County to \$20.00 per \$1,000 of assessed value. This limitation does not apply to levies for public debt and levies for additional taxes if authorized at an election by a majority of the qualified voters of the County voting on the question. The following table summarizes the tax situation on residential property located within the County for 2007-2008 Fiscal Year and the previous four years. The County expects no change in the level of its taxes in the foreseeable future but is unable to predict what overlapping entities might do. A high level of taxation may adversely impact the County's ability to repay bonds.

^{*} Preliminary

RESIDENTIAL TAX RATES - Per \$1,000 Assessed Valuation – Tax Years Within 20 Mill Limit for General Purposes

RESIDENTIAL TAX RATES - Per \$1,000 Assessed Valuation

Within 20 Mill Limit for General Purposes								
2007-08 2006-07 2005-06 2004-05 200								
State of New Mexico	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$0.000			
Santa Fe County	4.415	4.450	4.452	4.617	4.690			
City of Santa Fe	1.026	1.033	0.440	0.459	0.464			
Santa Fe Schools	0.113	<u>0.114</u>	0.114	0.119	0.121			
Total	\$5.554	\$5.597	\$5.006	\$5.195	\$5.275			
Over 20 Mill Li					2002.04			
G. C. C. M. C.	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04			
State of New Mexico	\$1.221	\$1.291	\$1.234	\$1.028	\$1.520			
Santa Fe County	1.867	1.697	1.867	1.007	1.386			
Santa Fe Community College	3.119	2.220	4.046	3.221	3.264			
City of Santa Fe	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000			
Santa Fe Schools	6.847	6.885	6.908	7.043	7.367			
Total	\$13.054	\$12.093	\$14.055	\$12.299	\$13.537			
	Total	Levy						
	2007-08	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04			
State of New Mexico	\$1.221	\$1.291	\$1.234	\$1.028	\$1.520			
Santa Fe County	6.282	6.147	6.319	5.624	6.076			
Santa Fe Community College	3.119	2.220	4.046	3.221	3.264			
City of Santa Fe	1.026	1.033	0.440	0.459	0.464			
Santa Fe Schools	6.960	6.999	7.022	7.162	7.488			
Total Residential in								
City of Santa Fe	\$18.608	\$17.690	\$19.061	\$17.494	\$18.812			
Total Non-Residential in								
City of Santa Fe	\$26.289	\$26.442	\$25.831	\$24.648	\$25.428			
Total Residential in								
Unincorporated County	\$17.582	\$16.657	\$18.621	\$17.035	\$18.348			
Total Non-Residential in								
Unincorporated County	\$24.344	\$24.541	\$24.547	\$23.382	\$24.136			
Total Residential in								
City of Española	\$	\$18.219	\$19.321	\$19.926	\$17.600			
Total Non-Residential in								
City of Española	\$	\$24.097	\$24.894	\$25.119	\$22.117			

Total Residential in					
Town of Edgewood	\$ 	\$16.994	\$18.148	\$17.204	\$17.578
Total Non-Residential in					
Town of Edgewood	\$ 	\$22.940	\$23.812	\$22.615	\$22.471

Source: State of New Mexico, Department of Finance & Administration and Office of the Santa Fe County Assessor.

Major Taxpayers

The ten largest taxpayers in Santa Fe County have a combined valuation of \$119,064,899, representing 1.79% of the total assessed valuation within the County.

Name	Business	2007 Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Assessed Valuation
Public Service Company of New Mexico	Electric Utility	\$34,336,554	0.52%
Qwest Corporation	Telephone Utility	20,776,701	0.32%
Singleton Properties	Real Estate	13,975,303	0.21%
B&B Santa Fe Mall	Retail	10,142,421	0.15%
La Posada, Inc.	Hotel	8,333,333	0.13%
De Vargas Joint Center	Retail	6,833,333	0.10%
Public Service Company of New Mexico	Gas Utility	6,221,465	0.09%
Eldorado Partnership	Hotel	6,211,100	0.09%
Corporation de la Fonda Inc.	Hotel	6,186,223	0.09%
Zorro Ranch	Real Estate	6,048,466	0.09%

Source: Office of the Santa Fe County Assessor.

Yield Control Limitation

State law limits property tax increases from the prior property tax year. Specifically, no taxing entity may set a rate or impose a tax (excluding oil and gas production ad valorem and oil and gas production equipment ad valorem taxes) or assessment that will produce revenues that exceed the prior year's tax revenues from residential and non-residential property multiplied by a "growth control factor." The growth control factor is the percentage equal to the sum of (a) "percent change I" plus (b) the prior property tax year's total taxable property value plus "net new value," as defined by Statute, divided by such prior property tax year's total taxable property value; but if that percentage is less than 100 percent, then the growth control factor is (a) "percent change I" plus (b) 100%. "Percent change I" is based upon the annual implicit price deflator index for state and local government purchases of goods and services (as published in the United States Department of Commerce monthly publication entitled "Survey of Current Business," or any successor publication) and is a percent (not to exceed 5%) that is derived by dividing the increase in the prior calendar year's index over the index for the calendar year next preceding the prior calendar year (unless there was a decrease, in which case zero if used) by the index for such calendar year next preceding the prior calendar year. The growth control factor applies to authorized operating levies

and to any capital improvements levies, but does not apply to levies for paying principal and interest on public general obligation debt.

Limitations on Residential Property Tax Increases

In an effort to limit large annual increases in residential property taxes in some areas of the State (particularly the Santa Fe and Taos areas which have experienced large increases in residential property values in recent years), an amendment to the uniformity clause (Article VIII, Section 1) of the New Mexico Constitution was proposed during the 1997 Legislative Session. The amendment was submitted to voters of the State at the general election held on November 3, 1998 and was approved by a wide margin.

The amendment directs the Legislature to provide for valuation of residential property in a manner that limits annual increases in valuation. The limitation may be applied to classes of residential property taxpayers based on occupancy, age or income. Further, the limitations may be authorized statewide or at the option of a local jurisdiction and may include conditions for applying the limitations.

A bill implementing the constitutional amendment was adopted by the Legislature during the 2001 Legislative Session and signed by the Governor on April 5, 2001. Section 7-36-21.2, NMSA 1978 establishes a statewide limitation on residential property valuation increases beginning in tax year 2001. Annual valuation increases will be limited to 3% over the prior year's valuation or 6.1% over the valuation from two years prior. These limitations do not apply under the following exceptions:

- 1. When property is being valued for the first time;
- 2. When physical improvements are made to the property;
- 3. When a change of ownership outside the family occurs;
- 4. When a change in zoning or use of property occurs; and
- 5. To property that is subject to the valuation limitations under Section 7-36-21.3 NMSA 1978.

Section 7-36-21.3 NMSA 1978 places a limitation on the increase in value for property taxation purpose for single-family dwellings occupied by low-income owners who are sixty-five years of age or older or who are disabled. The statute fixes the valuation of the property to the valuation in the year that the owner turned 65 or became disabled. The Section 7-36-21.3 limitation does not apply:

- 1. To property that is being valued for the first time;
- 2. To a change in valuation resulting from physical improvements made to the property in the preceding year; and
- 3. To a change in valuation resulting from a change in the zoning or permitted use of the property in the preceding year.

Tax Collections on Locally Assessed and Centrally Assessed Property

General (ad valorem) taxes for all units of government are collected by the county treasurer and distributed monthly to the various political subdivisions to which they are due. Property taxes are due in two installments. The first half installment is due on November 10 and becomes delinquent on December 10. The second half installment is due on April 10 and becomes delinquent on May 10. Collection statistics for all political subdivisions for which each county treasurer collects taxes are presented here:

Property Tax Collections for Santa Fe County

		Net Taxes		Current	Current/	Current/Delinquent
Tax	Fiscal	Charged to	Current Tax	Collections as a	Delinquent Tax	Collections as a
<u>Year</u>	Year	Treasurer	Collections (1)	% of Net Levied	Collections (2)	% of Net Levied
2007	07/08	\$121,777,496	\$114,182,071	93.76%	\$114,182,071	93.76%
2006	06/07	105,207,519	99,380,102	94.46%	103,270,906	94.16%
2005	05/06	100,907,356	95,003,813	94.15%	100,121,742	99.22%
2004	04/05	84,616,678	79,824,052	94.34%	84,234,872	99.55%
2003	03/04	81,972,179	76,896,688	93.81%	81,736,645	99.71%
2002	02/03	73,501,059	68,439,359	93.11%	73,479,943	99.97%
2001	01/02	72,022,736	67,646,004	93.92%	71,909,952	99.84%
2000	00/01	65,033,293	60,917,969	93.67%	65,113,288	100.12%
1999	99/00	59,644,251	52,442,772	87.93%	59,587,801	99.91%
1998	98/99	49,209,616	45,836,214	93.14%	49,260,873	100.10%

⁽¹⁾ As of June 30 of each year

Source: Office of the Santa Fe County Treasurer.

Interest on Delinquent Taxes

Pursuant to Section 7-38-49 NMSA 1978, if property taxes are not paid for any reason within thirty days after the date they are due, interest on the unpaid taxes shall accrue from the thirtieth day after they are due until the date they are paid. Interest accrues at the rate of one percent per month or any fraction of a month.

Penalty for Delinquent Taxes

Pursuant to Section 7-38-50 NMSA 1978, if property taxes become delinquent, a penalty of one percent of the delinquent tax for each month, or any portion of a month, they remain unpaid shall be imposed, but the total penalty shall not exceed five percent of the delinquent taxes. The minimum penalty imposed is \$5.00. A county can suspend application of the minimum penalty requirement for any tax year.

If property taxes become delinquent because of an intent to defraud by the property owner, 50% of the property taxes due or \$50.00, whichever is greater, shall be added as a penalty.

Remedies Available for Non-Payment of Taxes

Pursuant to Section 7-38-47 NMSA 1978, property taxes are the personal obligation of the person owning the property on the date on which the property was subject to valuation for property taxation purposes. A personal judgment may be rendered against the taxpayer for payment of taxes that are delinquent, together with any penalty and interest on the delinquent taxes.

Taxes on real property are a lien against the real property. A lien runs in favor of the State and secures the payment of property taxes and any penalty and interest until such payments are made. Such lien is a first lien and paramount to any other interest in the property, perfected or unperfected. Pursuant to Section 7-38-65 NMSA 1978, delinquent taxes on real property may be collected by selling the real property on which taxes are delinquent.

⁽²⁾ As of July, 2008

Pursuant to Section 7-38-53 NMSA 1978, delinquent property taxes on personal property may be collected by asserting a claim against the owner(s) of the personal property for which taxes are delinquent.

Protest

Pursuant to Section 7-38-39 NMSA 1978, after receiving his or her property tax bill and after making payment prior to the delinquency date of all property taxes due in accordance with the bill, a property owner may protest the value or classification determined for his or her property for property taxation purposes, the allocation of value of his or her property to a particular governmental unit, the application to his or her property of an administrative fee adopted pursuant to Section 7-38-36.1 NMSA 1978 or a denial of a claim for an exemption by filing a claim for refund in the district court. Pursuant to Section 7-38-41 NMSA 1978, the portion of any property taxes paid to the County Treasurer that is not admitted to be due and is the subject of a claim for refund will be deposited in a "property tax suspense fund." Moneys in the property tax suspense fund may not be used for the payment of debt service on the Bonds.

FINANCES OF THE COUNTY

Budget Process

The County's budget is based on a fiscal year beginning July 1 and ending June 30 of the following year. The County Administration is responsible for preparing the budget. Prior to June 1, the Board is required to submit a working draft of the budget to the Local Government Division of the State Department of Finance and Administration (the "Finance Department") for its approval. By July 1 of the new fiscal year, the Finance Department approves and certifies to the County an operating budget for use pending approval of the final budget. Prior to August 1, the County submits a final budget to the Finance Department for approval. Prior to the first Monday in September, the Finance Department must certify the final budget with whatever adjustments it deems necessary to comply with State statutes. Approval of the Finance Department is required for all budget increases, cash transfers between funds, and budget transfers between departments within a fund or between funds. If adequate fund balances are available from the prior year, the County budgets expenditures in excess revenues. The County was awarded the National Government Finance Officers' Association award for its Fiscal Year 2005 Budget presentation.

Financial Statement

The following Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances has been included herein for informational purposes only. Figures were taken from the audit reports prepared by the County's independent auditors. Audited figures are excerpts of the audit reports and do not purport to be complete. Reference is made to the complete audit reports which are available upon request. The County has not requested the consent of Barraclough & Associates, P.C., which performed the audit of the County's Financial Statements, to the inclusion of the audit report and excerpts thereof in this Official Statement, and the auditor has not conducted a post-audit review of those Financial Statements.

General Fund

Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
Revenues Grants Taxes and special assessments Interest earnings Charges for services, fines and	\$ 2,085,995 41,723,011 4,750,661	\$ 1,754,243 36,313,562 2,904,858	\$ 2,100,757 33,008,259 1,280,136	\$ 3,934,134 30,865,339 729,306	\$ 2,369,177 29,545,100 1,062,548
penalties Licenses and permits Other	1,755,849 - 39,116	1,906,418	1,772,133	1,869,938 - 154,522	1,356,491 383,893 1,216,516
Total revenues	50,354,632	\$43,199,668	\$38,584,539	\$37,553,239	\$35,933,725
Expenditures:					
Current General government services Public safety Highways and streets Health and welfare Culture and recreation Capital outlay Debt service (principal and interest)	\$17,832,387 7,957,272 3,757,624 411,119 406,900 1,115,713	\$14,906,976 7,809,025 4,771,030 571,966 282,550 2,379,668	\$14,018,320 6,553,023 3,096,024 1,643,085 391,700 2,694,732	\$11,541,007 5,707,233 3,778,284 1,711,716 509,421 3,978,924	\$12,825,000 6,317,307 3,966,134 1,356,366 369,699
Total expenditures	\$31,481,015	\$30,721,215	\$28,396,884	\$27,226,585	\$24,834,511
Excess (Deficiency) or Revenues over Expenditures	\$18,873,617	\$12,478,453	\$10,187,655	\$10,326,654	\$11,099,214
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers, in Operating transfers, out	\$ 981,567 (8,878,374)	\$ 2,461,464 (9,291,168)	\$ 1,068,058 (10,300,316)	\$ 1,295,709 (9,945,566)	\$ 719,867 (9,097,246)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(\$7,896,807)	(\$6,829,704)	(\$9,232,258)	(8,649,857)	(8,377,379)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and other Financing Sources over expenditures and other financing uses	\$10,976,810	\$ 5,648,745	\$ 955,397	\$ 1,676,797	\$ 2,721,835
Fund balance, beginning of year Prior period corrections Fund balance, as restated	27,581,141	21,932,392	20,976,995	19,133,595 166,603 19,300,198	16,411,760
Fund balance, end of year	\$38,557,951	\$27,581,141	\$21,932,392	\$20,976,995	\$19,133,595

The audited figures for fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004 and 2003 were taken from audit reports prepared by the County's independent auditor and are presented for informational purposes only. Reference is made to the complete audit reports, which are available upon request.

General Fund - Historical Balance Sheets

<u>Fiscal Year Ended</u> June 30	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003
<u>sune 50</u>	<u>2001</u>	2000	<u>2005</u>	2004	2003
ASSETS					
Equity in pooled cash and investments – Unrestricted Equity in pooled cash and investments - Restricted Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectable	\$33,793,088 1,838,198	\$23,713,215 1,815,290	\$19,671,694 1,815,290	\$16,618,483 1,815,290	\$11,722,169 -
Accounts Taxes	94,558 4,492,988	67,344 4,637,536	25,965 3,634,953	44,090 4,093,888	350,530 3,572,557
Interest	639,701	336,208	145,322	86,805	-
Grantor agencies and other Due from other funds	612,495 1,949,727	564,364 1,012,293	395,737 827,631	977,454 2,144,421	7,958,239
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	937,716
			**		
Total Assets	\$43,420,755	\$32,146,250	\$26,516,592	\$25,780,431	\$24,541,211
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenditures	\$1,080,217	\$1,178,059	\$1,858,404	\$1,664,756	\$1,081,862
Accrued payroll Deferred revenue Deposits held for others	411,789 3,347,890	3,387,050	2,725,796	3,088,559 50,121	4,325,754
Other	22,908	-	-	50,121	-
Total Liabilities	\$4,862,804	\$4,565,109	\$4,584,200	\$4,803,436	\$5,407,616
Fund Balance					
Reserved for					
Encumbrances Subsequent year expenditures	\$2,564,302	\$2,231,266	\$1,915,499	\$1,533,395	\$ 28,243 9,427,906
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-
Total reserved fund balance	\$2,564,302	\$2,231,266	\$1,915,499	\$1,533,395	\$9,456,149
Unreserved – Designated for					
Contingency	1,815,290	1,815,290	1,815,290	1,815,290	-
Unreserved – Undesignated	34,178,359	23,534,585	18,201,603	17,628,310	9,677,446
Total unreserved fund balance	35,993,649	25,349,875	20,016,893	19,443,600	9,677,446
Total fund balance	38,557,951	27,581,141	21,932,392	20,976,995	19,133,595
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$43,420,755	\$32,146,250	\$26,516,592	\$25,780,431	\$24,541,211

The audited figures for fiscal years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were taken from audit reports prepared by the County's independent auditors and are presented for informational purposes only. Reference is made to the complete audit reports which are available from the County upon request.

THE COUNTY

General

Santa Fe County (pop. 147,000, estimated 2007) is located in north central New Mexico and occupies a land area of 1,909 square miles. The City of Santa Fe, which is the state capital and a popular tourist community, is located within the County. Also located in the County are a variety of Native American Pueblos, agricultural villages, bedroom communities and ranching communities, spread over terrain that includes river valleys and mountain ranges. Forty percent of the land within the County is comprised of federal land (Native American, National Forest and Bureau of Land Management). The County offers year-round tourism possibilities, with a dry climate, national parks and forests, and historic landmarks as the principal attractions.

The economy of the County is based upon government and related activities, retail trade, tourism, arts and entertainment, and recreation.

Board of County Commissioners

The Board of County Commissioners consists of five individuals elected for four-year terms. The County is divided into five districts, each represented by an elected Commissioner. The function of the County is briefly addressed in the grant of powers provided all New Mexico counties pursuant to Section 4-37-1 NMSA 1978. The function is "... to provide for the safety, preserve the health, promote the prosperity and improve the morals, order, comfort and convenience of the county or its inhabitants...." The Board oversees:

- 1. the assessment, collection and distribution of ad valorem taxes by an elected Assessor and Treasurer:
- 2. law enforcement by an elected Sheriff;
- 3. recording and filing by an elected County Clerk;
- 4. fire protection by Volunteer Fire Departments;
- 5. road maintenance by an appointed Road Manager;
- 6. managerial and administrative services by an appointed County Manager; and
- 7. planning, health, welfare, recreation and cultural affairs by appointed citizen advisory boards.

The members of the Board of County Commissioners and their respective terms are as follows:

<u>Member</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Paul Campos	Chairperson	12/31/08
Virginia Vigil	Vice-Chair	12/31/08
Jack Sullivan	Commissioner	12/31/08
Mike D. Anaya	Commissioner	12/31/10
Harry B. Montoya	Commissioner	12/31/10

The current members of the County Administration are as follows:

Roman Abeyta, County Manager since September 29, 2006. Mr. Abeyta has held several positions over the past 15 years with Santa Fe County as well as the City of Santa Fe. Mr. Abeyta began his career with Santa Fe County in September 1991 as an Animal Control Officer. Mr. Abeyta joined the County Land Use Department where he held several positions over a 9 year period including Assistant Planner, Development Review Specialist II, Development Permit Supervisor and Deputy Land Use Administrator. In 2001 Mr. Abeyta became Land Use Director of that department. Mr. Abeyta was appointed Deputy County Manager, a position he held until May 2006, when he served as Assistant City Manager of the City of Santa Fe. Mr. Abeyta was born and raised in Santa Fe, New Mexico and is a 1991 Capital High School Graduate. Mr. Abeyta has 5 sons that range in age from 3 – 17.

<u>Victor A. Montoya</u>, County Treasurer since January 1, 2005. Currently Vice Chairman of the New Mexico Public Employees' Retirement Association. Deputy County Treasurer, Santa Fe County, 2004. Mr. Montoya has been in public service for 25 years in various positions with the Office of the State Auditor, the Office of the Attorney General, the Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, the State Land Office and the Public Employees Retirement Association. Mr. Montoya graduated from the College of Santa Fe with a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration.

<u>Teresa Martinez</u>, County Finance Director since October 2006. Ms. Martinez has served as the County's Accounting Supervisor from September 1999 through July 2006, and Deputy Finance Director from July 2006 through September 2006. Ms. Martinez has a Bachelor of Accountancy from the College of Santa Fe.

Stephen C. Ross, County Attorney since 2003. Served as Assistant General Counsel for the New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department, 2000-2003; Deputy County Attorney, San Juan County, New Mexico, 1993-2000. Mr. Ross obtained a Juris Doctor Degree from the University of Utah in 1989.

Retirement

Substantially all full time employees of the County participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries.

Non-law enforcement plan members (other than County fire department employees) are required to contribute 3.2875% of gross covered salary under the plan, under which the County contributes an amount equal to 19.0125% of gross covered salary. County fire department plan participants that are not union members are required to contribute 8.10% of gross covered salary under the plan, under which the County contributes an amount equal to 21.15% of gross covered salary. County fire department plan participants that are union members are required to contribute 4.5% under the plan, under which the County contributes an amount equal to 24.85%. Law enforcement participants (excluding detention employees, who are considered general participants) are required to contribute 3.09% of covered gross salary under the plan, under which the County contributes an amount equal to 27.76%. The contribution requirements of plan members and of the County are established under Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978. The requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature. The County's contributions to PERA for the years ended June 30, 2007, 2006, 2005, 2004, and 2003 were \$5,418,080, \$4,782,340, \$3,508,879,

\$3,392,944 and \$2,982,751, respectively, equal to the amount of the required contributions for those years.

County Insurance Coverage

The County maintains insurance on its assets and operations as is customary and adequate, in its opinion, for similar entities insuring similar operations and assets. The County carries general liability insurance, auto damage and workers compensation with the New Mexico County Insurance Authority for its errors and omissions coverage, emergency medical, volunteer fire fighters and law enforcement liability coverage. There can be no assurance, however, that the County will continue to maintain the present level of coverage or that the insurance maintained will be sufficient.

THE ECONOMY

General

Santa Fe County is located in the north-central part of New Mexico in the Rio Grande corridor. The area's economy is based primarily on government and related activities, retail trade, tourism, arts and entertainment, and recreation.

State Government

The State Government is one of the largest employers in the County, employing 9,443. Government offices, including the Office of the Governor and the State Legislature, occupy the State Capital Building, known as the Roundhouse. All major state offices and agencies, including the Office of the Treasurer, Office of the Attorney General, Office of the State Engineer, and the Departments of Finance and Administration, Health, Environment, Transportation, Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources, General Services, Corrections, Public Education and Higher Education are located in the City of Santa Fe.

Education

Santa Fe Public Schools

The Santa Fe Public School District is a political subdivision of the State organized for the purpose of operating and maintaining an education program for school-age children residing within its boundaries. Currently the District operates and maintains a variety of facilities in meeting its obligation to provide an educational program within its boundaries that cover 1,016 square miles with an estimated population of 125,000. The District is the 4th largest school district in the State with a 2007-08 enrollment of 12,341 students. The District operates 30 school sites - 20 elementary schools, 4 middle schools, 2 high schools, 1 alternative school and 3 charter schools. The District's educational program includes vocational, technical and occupational training.

Santa Fe Community College

Santa Fe Community College is a co-educational community college offering 2-year Associate of Arts, Associate of Science and Associate of Applied Science degrees. The Community College occupies 366 acres within the City of Santa Fe, with a faculty of 372 (full and part-time), serving approximately 14,500 students (full-time and part-time). Approximately 83 percent of the students are part-time. 58 percent of students receive financial aid.

St. John's College

St. John's College is a private, co-educational 4-year liberal arts college. The College's undergraduate program is an all-required course of study based on the classic works of western civilization. The College has an enrollment of approximately 475 students, with a faculty-student ratio of 1:8. The College offers a graduate degree program leading to a Master of Arts in Liberal Arts degree.

College of Santa Fe

The College of Santa Fe is a private, co-educational 4-year liberal arts college, with a faculty of 128, an enrollment of approximately 800 traditional (i.e. full-time) students and 1,000 evening students and a student-faculty ratio of 14:1. The College offers Bachelor of Arts degrees in art, political science, psychology, music, film, education, and humanities, and Masters degrees in education and business administration.

New Mexico School for the Deaf

The New Mexico School for the Deaf is a state institution serving New Mexico children with permanent hearing loss ages 2 through 22. The School provides a rigorous academic program that focuses on language and literacy development and critical thinking skills. The School's curriculum conforms to New Mexico state standards and benchmarks. The School's 30-acre campus is located in the City of Santa Fe and provides housing for up to 96 residential students.

Trade

The County's retail sales were over \$450 million through the first quarter of 2008 and over \$2.2 billion in 2007. Major products include furniture, jewelry, publishing, technology transfer, clothing and accessories. Approximately 12 percent of the County's population is employed in the retail trade sector.

Tourism

The tourism industry plays a significant role in the County economy due, in part, to the historic City of Santa Fe and its proximity to national parks and monuments, state parks and recreation areas, and numerous museums and cultural facilities.

Indian Arts and Crafts

Indian arts and crafts, both production and marketing, have always played a significant role in the County's economy where large amounts of turquoise and silver jewelry are crafted. Numerous shops and galleries in Santa Fe make the City a center in the Southwest for original Native American art and southwest arts and crafts.

Health

The County is served by St. Vincent Regional Medical Center, a 501(c)(3) organization. The Medical Center serves a 7-county region and is the largest hospital facility north of Albuquerque and south of Pueblo, Colorado. The Medical Center is the only Level III Trauma Center in northern New Mexico. The Center maintains 268 licensed beds, 250 staff physicians representing 22 medical specialties, and treats over 55,000 emergency/first care patients annually, and more than 5,500 outpatient surgery patients annually. A second hospital is planned for the area.

ECONOMIC AND DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS

This section contains general information concerning the economic and demographic conditions in and surrounding the County. The information presented was obtained from the sources indicated, and the County makes no representation as to the accuracy or completeness of the date presented. All data in this subsection is presented on a calendar year basis.

Population

The following chart sets forth historical population data for Santa Fe County, the City of Santa Fe and the State.

<u>Year</u>	City of <u>Santa Fe</u>	Santa Fe <u>County</u>	New <u>Mexico</u>
2030*	n/a	226,012	2,626,553
2020^{*}	n/a	191,403	2,383,116
2010^*	n/a	158,624	2,112,986
2000	62,794	129,292	1,819,046
1990	57,605	98,928	1,515,069
1980	49,160	75,519	1,303,303
1970	41,167	54,774	1,017,055
1960	33,394	44,970	951,023

Source: U.S. Dept. of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. * Projected.

Age Distribution

The following table sets forth the age distribution profile for Santa Fe County, the State and the United States.

Percentage of Population

<u>Age</u>	Santa Fe <u>County</u>	New <u>Mexico</u>	United <u>States</u>
0-17	21.50%	25.91%	24.41%
18-24	8.82%	10.30%	9.84%
25-44	26.50%	26.18%	27.54%
45-54	15.63%	13.88%	14.47%
55 & Older	27.55%	23.73%	23.74%

Source: Claritas, Inc., April, 2008

Income

The following table sets forth annual per capita personal income levels for the County, the State and the United States.

Per Capita Personal Income

	Santa Fe	New	United
Year	County	Mexico	States
2007	Φ ΝΤ/Α	ΦΩ1 47.4	Φ20 (11
2007	\$ N/A	\$31,474	\$38,611
2006	42,363	29,929	36,714
2005	39,522	28,175	34,757
2004	35,529	26,326	33,123
2003	33,035	24,945	31,504
2002	32,320	24,310	30,821
2001	32,048	24,132	30,574
2000	29,623	22,143	29,845
1999	27,595	21,042	27,939
1998	27,184	20,656	26,883

Source: UNM Bureau of Business and Economic Research.

Employment

The following table provides a ten-year history of employment in the County, the State and the United States.

	Santa Fe County		State of	<u>United States</u>	
Year	Labor Force	Percent Unemployed	Labor Force	Percent Unemployed	Percent Unemployed
2007*	78,908	2.80%	934,062	3.50%	4.60%
2006	77,887	3.50%	936,998	4.30%	4.60%
2005	76,727	4.20%	920,226	5.20%	5.10%
2004	74,986	4.40%	903,802	5.70%	5.50%
2003	73,797	4.40%	888,468	5.90%	6.00%
2002	71,671	3.90%	871,512	5.50%	5.80%
2001	71,362	3.60%	863,682	4.90%	4.70%
2000	70,763	3.60%	852,293	5.00%	4.00%
1999	65,402	2.80%	839,988	5.60%	4.20%
1998	64,700	3.60%	835,879	6.20%	4.50%

Source: UNM Bureau of Business and Economic Research.

^{*} Preliminary

Major Employers

Some of the largest employers in the County are set forth below. No independent investigation into their affairs has been made and consequently there can be no representation as to the stability or financial condition of the companies listed hereafter, or the likelihood that such companies will maintain their status as major employers in the area.

Employer	Type	Number of Employees	% of MSA Employment
State of New Mexico	Government	9,443	15.48%
Santa Fe School District	Education	1,850	3.03%
U.S. Federal Government	Government	1,750	2.87%
City of Santa Fe	Government	1,719	2.82%
St. Vincent Hospital	Health Care	1,450	2.38%
Santa Fe Community College	Education	717	1.18%
Santa Fe Opera	Fine Arts	650	1.07%
College of Santa Fe	Education	557	0.91%
Cities of Gold	Casino	470	0.77%
Santa Fe County	Government	445	0.73%
Total		19,051	31.24%
Total MSA Non-Ag Civilian and Military Employment		60,986	100.00%

Source: Santa Fe Chamber of Commerce, 2006

Wage and Salary Employment

The New Mexico Dept. of Labor publishes quarterly reports of covered employment and wages. Beginning with 2002 data, employment was classified according to the new North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

<u>Industry</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
Agriculture, Forestry & Hunting	130	120	132	145	147
Mining	161	100	88	99	143
Utilities	118	n/a	n/a	132	135
Construction	4,739	4,412	4,393	4,396	4,244
Manufacturing	1,112	1,207	1,211	1,165	1,253
Wholesale Trade	1,146	1,105	986	948	985
Retail Trade	8,766	8,549	8,517	8,475	8,354
Transportation & Warehousing	543	539	565	536	559
Information	1,191	1,050	876	928	891
Finance & Insurance	1,853	1,805	1,790	1,737	1,746
Real Estate & Rental & Leasing	1,221	1,000	1,076	1,030	997
Professional & Technical Services	2,772	2,753	2,750	2,598	2,531
Management of Companies and Enterprises	269	360	248	203	205
Administrative & Waste Services	2,063	2,215	2,103	1,955	1,769
Educational Services	1,551	1,565	1,419	1,387	1,270
Health Care & Social Assistance	6,162	6,242	6,100	5,946	5,625
Arts, Entertainment & Recreation	948	1,012	891	1,033	1,075
Accommodation & Food Services	8,183	8,025	7,926	7,783	7,642
Other Services, Except Public Administration	2,331	2,345	2,411	2,324	2,283
Non-classifiable	19	32	n/a	56	47
Total Private Sector	45,276	44,536	43,624	42,874	41,899
Public Administration	18,630	18,249	17,362	17,326	16,840
Federal	1,124	1,148	1,208	1,231	1,301
State	10,186	10,043	9,772	9,883	9,504
Local	7,320	7,059	6,382	6,212	6,035
Grand Total	<u>63,906</u>	<u>62,785</u>	<u>60,986</u>	<u>60,200</u>	<u>58,739</u>

Source: New Mexico Department of Labor, Economic Research and Analysis Bureau

The following two tables reflect median household Effective Buying Income ("EBI") and the percent of households by EBI groups as reported in Sales and Marketing Management's annual surveys of buying power. EBI, a classification developed by Sales and Marketing Management Magazine, is personal income less personal tax and non-tax payments. Personal income includes wages and salaries, other labor income, proprietors' income, rental income, dividends, personal interest income and transfer

payments. Deductions are made for federal, state and local taxes, non-tax payments such as fines and penalties, and personal contributions for social security insurance.

Median Household Effective Buying Income

<u>Year</u>	Santa Fe County	New Mexico	United States
2008*	\$52,442	\$42,577	\$50,170
2007*	50,603	41,569	49,314
2006*	50,059	41,045	48,775
2005	41,531	34,203	39,324
2004	39,742	32,737	38,201
2003	39,400	32,291	38,035
2002	41,152	32,083	38,365
2001	40,573	30,322	39,129
2000	38,876	29,992	37,233
1999	36,781	28,795	35,377
1998	36,127	27,744	34,618
1997	34,804	27,503	33,482
1996	33,285	26,499	32,238

Source: Claritas, Inc., April, 2008

* Estimated

The following table shows effective buying income by income group for Santa Fe County, the State of New Mexico and the United States.

Percent of Household by Effective Buying Income Groups

Effective Buying Income Group	Santa Fe County	New Mexico	United States
Under \$25,000	21.32%	29.16%	23.43%
\$25,000 – 34,999	10.73%	12.53%	11.01%
\$35,000 – 49,999	16.10%	16.47%	15.42%
\$50,000 and over	51.85%	41.84%	50.14%

Source: Claritas, Inc., April, 2008

Gross Receipts

The following table shows the total reported and total reported retail gross receipts generated in Santa Fe County and the State of New Mexico for the past ten years. For the purposes of these tables, gross receipts means the total amount of money received from selling goods and services in the State of New Mexico, from leasing property employed in the State and from performing services in the State. Gross receipts includes, among other things, food sales and services such as legal and medical services.

	Santa F	e County	New	<u>Mexico</u>
<u>Year</u>	<u>Retail</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Retail</u>	<u>Total</u>
2008*	\$ 472,571,785	\$1,613,167,869	\$ 6,073,056,951	\$ 26,174,579,047
2007	2,202,020,642	7,101,914,301	25,218,313,695	106,729,488,766
2006	2,050,261,047	6,446,608,971	24,014,746,059	94,347,408,225
2005	1,795,306,236	5,876,248,291	20,454,852,088	78,771,700,292
2004	1,774,969,478	5,585,654,362	18,414,335,199	70,477,791,653
2003	1,773,716,030	5,029,969,082	18,700,756,931	63,358,239,874
2002	1,693,609,017	4,895,295,541	19,094,649,339	62,280,612,865
2001	1,773,491,569	4,795,046,131	20,743,109,632	65,894,850,915
2000	1,731,892,982	4,852,403,190	17,648,495,366	59,397,663,620
1999	1,513,158,345	4,230,955,790	15,759,691,923	54,260,304,216
1998	1,408,140,361	3,922,233,542	15,395,163,122	55,101,530,145

Source: New Mexico Taxation & Revenue Department and the UNM Bureau of Business & Economic Research * Through First Quarter, 2008

Services Available to County Residents

The County provides its residents with police and fire protection. Water service and sanitary sewer service are provided in certain unincorporated areas of the County, while other areas are served by private or community water systems. Electricity is supplied and distributed by Public Service Company of New Mexico. Telephone service is provided by Qwest Corporation. The County operates a solid waste collection and disposal system.

TAX EXEMPTION

In the opinion of Modrall, Sperling, Roehl, Harris & Sisk, P.A., Bond Counsel, to be delivered at the time of original issuance of the Bonds, under existing laws, regulations, rulings and judicial decisions, interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes. Additionally, interest on the Bonds is excludable from net income for purposes of certain State of New Mexico taxes imposed on individuals, estates, trust and corporations.

The Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), imposes various restrictions, conditions and requirements relating to the exclusion from gross income for federal tax purposes of interest on obligations, such as the Bonds. The County has made various representations and warranties with respect to, and has covenanted in the Resolution and other documents, instruments and certificates to comply with certain guidelines designed to assure that interest on the Bonds will not become includible in gross income. Failure to comply with these covenants or the inaccuracy of these representations and warranties may result in interest on the Bonds being included in gross income from the date of the issue of the Bonds. The opinion of Bond Counsel assumes compliance with the covenants and the accuracy of such representations and warranties.

Although Bond Counsel will render an opinion that interest on the Bonds is not a specific preference item for purposes of the alternative minimum tax provisions contained in the Code, interest on the Bonds will be included in the adjusted current earnings of certain corporations, and such corporation's adjusted current earnings over its alternative minimum taxable income (determined without regard to this adjustment and prior to reduction for certain net operating losses).

Although Bond Counsel will render an opinion that interest on the Bonds is excludable from gross income for federal income tax purposes, the accrual or receipt of interest on the Bonds may otherwise affect the federal income tax liability of the recipient. The extent of these other tax consequences will depend upon the recipient's particular tax status or other items of income or deduction. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any such consequences. Purchasers of the Bonds, particularly purchasers that are corporations (including S corporations and foreign corporations operating branches in the United States), property or casualty insurance companies, banks, thrifts or other financial institutions, certain recipients of Social Security or Railroad Retirement benefits, taxpayers otherwise entitled to claim the earned income credit, or taxpayers who may be deemed to have incurred or continued indebtedness to purchase or carry tax-exempt obligations are advised to consult their tax advisors as to the tax consequences of purchasing or owning the Bonds.

The opinions to be rendered by Bond Counsel will be based upon existing legislation as of the date of issuance and delivery of the Bonds, and Bond Counsel will express no opinion as of any date subsequent thereto or with respect to any pending legislation.

From time to time, there are legislative proposals in Congress that, if enacted, could alter or amend the federal tax matters referred to above or adversely affect the market value of the Bonds. It cannot be predicted whether or in what form any such proposal might be enacted or whether, if enacted, it would apply to bonds issued prior to enactment. Each purchaser of the Bonds should consult his or her own tax advisor regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation. Bond Counsel expresses no opinion regarding any pending or proposed federal tax legislation.

Original Issue Discount

The Bonds may be sold to the initial purchaser of the Bonds at discount from par ("original issue discount"). For federal income tax purposes, original issue discount on a Bond accrues periodically over the term of the Bond as interest with the same tax exemption and alternative minimum tax status as regular interest. The accrual of original issue discount increases the holder's tax basis in the Bond for determining taxable gain or loss from sale or from redemption prior to maturity. Holders of Bonds offered at an original issue discount should consult their tax advisors for an explanation of the accrual rules.

Original Issue Premium

The Bonds may be sold to the initial purchaser of the Bonds at a premium ("original issue premium") over their principal amount. For federal income tax purposes, original issue premium is amortizable periodically over the term of a Bond through reductions in the holders' tax basis in the Bond for determining taxable gain or loss from sale or from redemption prior to maturity. Amortizable premium is accounted for as reducing the tax-exempt interest on the Bond rather than creating a deductible expense or loss. Holders of Bonds offered at an original issue premium should consult their tax advisors for an explanation of the amortization rules.

Financial Institution Interest Deduction

The County has not designated the Bonds as qualified tax-exempt obligations for the purposes of Section 265(b)(3)(B) of the Code.

Internal Revenue Service Audit Program

The Internal Revenue Service (the "Service") has an ongoing program auditing tax-exempt obligations to determine whether, in the view of the Service, interest on such tax-exempt obligations is includable in the gross income of the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. No assurances can be given as to whether the Service will commence an audit of the Bonds. If an audit is commenced, under current procedures the Service will treat the County as the taxpayer and the Bondowners may have no right to participate in such procedure. Neither the initial purchasers of the Bonds nor Bond Counsel is obligated to defend the tax-exempt status of the Bonds. The County has covenanted in the Resolution not to take any action that would cause the interest on the Bonds to lose its exclusion from gross income except to the extent described above for the owners thereof for federal income tax purposes. Neither the County, the Financial Advisor nor Bond Counsel is responsible to pay or reimburse the costs of any Bond owner with respect to any audit or litigation relating to the Bonds.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

Annual Reports

The County will provide certain updated financial information and operating data to certain information vendors annually. The information to be updated includes all quantitative financial information and operating data with respect to the County of the general type included in this Official Statement, under the headings "DEBT AND OTHER FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS," "TAX BASE," and "FINANCES OF THE COUNTY." The County will update and provide this information within nine months after the end of each fiscal year ending on or after June 30, 2008. The County will provide the updated information to each nationally recognized municipal securities information repository ("NRMSIR") and to any state information depository ("SID") that is designated by the State of New Mexico and approved by the staff of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

The County may provide updated information in full text or may incorporate by reference certain other publicly available documents, as permitted by SEC Rule 15c2-12. The updated information will include audited financial statements, if the County commissions an audit and it is completed by the required time. If audited financial statements are not available by the required time, the County will provide unaudited financial statements by the required time, and will provide audited financial statements when and if an audit report becomes available. Any such financial statements will be prepared in accordance with the accounting principles described in APPENDIX B – "AUDITED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS - June 30, 2007" herein or such other accounting principles as the County may be required to employ from time to time pursuant to state law or regulation.

The County's current fiscal year end is June 30. Accordingly, it must provide updated information by the last day of March in each year, unless the County changes its fiscal year. If the County changes its fiscal year, it will notify each NRMSIR and any SID of the change.

Material Event Notices

The County will also provide timely notices of certain events to certain information vendors. The County will provide notice of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds, if such event is material to a decision to purchase or sell the Bonds: (1) principal and interest payment delinquencies; (2) non-payment related defaults; (3) unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties; (4) unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties; (5) substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform; (6) adverse tax opinions or events affecting the tax-exempt status of the Bonds; (7) modifications to rights of holders of the Bonds; (8) Bond calls; (9) defeasances; (10) release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds; and (11) rating changes. In addition, the County will provide timely notice of any failure by the County to provide information, data, or financial statements in accordance with its agreement described under "CONTINUING DISCLOSURE INFORMATION - Annual Reports" herein. The County will provide each notice described in this paragraph to any SID and to either each NRMSIR or the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB").

Availability of Information from NRMSIRs and SID

The County has agreed to provide the foregoing information only to NRMSIRs (or the MSRB, as appropriate) and any SID. The information will be available to holders of Bonds only if the holders comply with the procedures and pay the charges established by such information vendors or obtain the information through securities brokers who do so.

There has been no SID designated in the State of New Mexico.

Limitations and Amendments

The County has agreed to update information and to provide notices of material events only as described above. The County has not agreed to provide other information that may be relevant or material to a complete presentation of its financial results of operations, condition, or prospects or agreed to update any information that is provided, except as described above. The County makes no representation or warranty concerning such information or concerning its usefulness to a decision to invest in or sell Bonds at any future date. The County disclaims any contractual or tort liability for damages resulting in whole or in part from any breach of its continuing disclosure agreement or from any statement made pursuant to its agreement, although holders and beneficial owners of Bonds may seek a writ of mandamus in any New Mexico State court to compel the County to comply with its agreement.

The continuing disclosure agreement may be amended by the County from time to time to adapt to changed circumstances that arise from a change in legal requirements, a change in law, or a change in the identity, nature, status, or type of operations of the County, but only if (1) the provisions, as so amended, would have permitted an underwriter or purchaser to purchase or sell Bonds in the primary offering of the Bonds in compliance with the Rule, taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule since such offering as well as such changed circumstances and (2) either (a) the registered owners of a majority in aggregate principal amount (or any greater amount required by any other

provision of the Resolution that authorizes such an amendment) of the outstanding Bonds consent to such amendment or (b) a person that is unaffiliated with the County (such as nationally recognized bond counsel) determined that such amendment will not materially impair the interest of the registered owners and beneficial owners of the Bonds. The County may also amend or repeal the provisions of the continuing disclosure agreement if the SEC amends or repeals the applicable provision of the Rule or a court of final jurisdiction enters judgment that such provisions of the Rule are invalid, but only if and to the extent that the provisions of this sentence would not prevent an underwriter or other purchaser from lawfully purchasing or selling Bonds in the primary offering of the Bonds.

Compliance with Prior Undertakings

The County has previously entered into continuing disclosure agreements in accordance with SEC Rule 15c2-12. While the County has provided audited financial statements on an annual basis pursuant to the continuing disclosure agreements, the County determined that certain information required to be updated under agreements entered into in connection with outstanding general obligation bonds had not been filed for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003 and 2004. The County has notified the MSRB of its failure to file the required information and, as of the date of this Official Statement, has provided updated information for the years 2006 through 2007. The County believes that it is now in material compliance with the requirements of outstanding continuing disclosure agreements entered into in connection with general obligation bonds issued by the County.

The County recently discovered that, since 2000 it had not filed annual information required by continuing disclosure agreements entered into in connection with two series of revenue bonds issued by the County in 1997. The County has notified the MSRB of its failure to file the required information and, as of the date of this Official Statement, the County believes that it is currently in material compliance with the requirements of outstanding continuing disclosure agreements entered into in connection with outstanding County revenue bonds. The County is implementing procedures intended to assure compliance with its continuing disclosure agreements.

LITIGATION

At the time of the original delivery of the Bonds, the County will deliver a no-litigation certificate to the effect that no litigation or administrative action or proceeding is pending or, to the knowledge of the appropriate County officials, threatened, restraining or enjoining, or seeking to restrain or enjoin, the issuance and delivery of the Bonds, effectiveness of the Resolution, or contesting or questioning the proceedings and authority under which the Bonds have been authorized and are to be issued, sold, executed or delivered, or the validity of the Bonds.

RATINGS

The Bonds have received a rating of "Aa1" from Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") and a rating of "AA+" from Standard & Poor's Ratings Services ("S&P"). An explanation of the significance of the rating given by Moody's may be obtained from Moody's at 99 Church Street, New York, New York 10007. An explanation of the significance of the rating given by S&P may be obtained from S&P at 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041.

Such ratings reflect only the view of the Moody's and S&P, and there is no assurance that such rating will continue for any given period of time after obtained or that such ratings will not be revised downward or withdrawn entirely by the rating agencies if, in their judgment, circumstances so warrant.

Any such downward revision or withdrawal of such ratings may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Bonds. Neither the County nor the initial purchasers of the Bonds have undertaken any responsibility to bring to the attention of the owners of the Bonds any proposed change in or withdrawal of such rating once received or to oppose any such proposed revision.

LEGAL MATTERS

The legality of the Bonds will be approved by Modrall, Sperling, Roehl, Harris & Sisk, P.A., Albuquerque, New Mexico, Bond Counsel, whose unqualified opinion approving the legality of the Bonds will be furnished at the closing.

TRANSCRIPT AND CLOSING DOCUMENTS

A complete transcript of proceedings and a no-litigation certificate (described above under "LITIGATION") will be delivered by the County when the Bonds are delivered. The County will at that time also provide a certificate relating to the accuracy and completeness of this Official Statement.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

All summaries of the statutes, resolutions, opinions, contracts, agreements, financial and statistical data and other related reports described in this Official Statement are subject to the actual provisions of such documents. The summaries do not purport to be complete statements of such provisions and reference is made to such documents, copies of which are either publicly available or available for inspection during normal business hours at the offices of the County located at the County Administration Building, 102 Grant Avenue, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-0276 or at the offices of RBC Capital Markets, 6301 Uptown Blvd. NE, Suite 110, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87110.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT CERTIFICATION

As of the date hereof this Official Statement is true to the best of my knowledge, complete and correct in all material respects, and does not include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made herein, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.

The preparation of this Official Statement and its distribution have been authorized by the Board. The Official Statement is hereby duly approved by the Board as of the date on the cover page hereof.

SANTA FE COUNTY, NEW MEXICO



APPENDIX A

OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL

	 , 2008
issioners	

Board of County Commissioners Santa Fe County, New Mexico

We have acted as bond counsel to Santa Fe County, New Mexico (the "County") in connection with the issuance of its \$32,500,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2008 (the "Bonds") dated _______, 2008, with interest payable on July 1, 2009, and semi-annually thereafter on each January 1 and July 1 until maturity, and being bonds in registered form maturing on July 1 in the years 2009 through 2028, inclusive. The Bonds are being issued by the County for the purpose of providing funds for the acquisition, construction, design, equipping, and improvement of roads within the County and related public works facilities to house, maintain and service road improvement equipment and for the acquisition of real property for, and construction, design, equipping, rehabilitation and improvement of water improvement projects in Santa Fe, New Mexico.

We have examined the transcript of proceedings (the "Transcript") relating to the issuance of the Bonds and the law under authority of which the Bonds are issued. Based on our examination, we are of the opinion that, under the law existing on the date of this opinion, subject to the provisions of federal bankruptcy law and other laws affecting creditors' rights:

- 1. The Bonds constitute valid and binding general obligations of the County, and the principal of and interest on the Bonds, unless paid from other sources, are to be paid from the proceeds of the levy of ad valorem taxes on all property within the County subject to ad valorem taxes levied by the County, which levy is unlimited as to rate or amount.
- 2. Assuming continuing compliance by the County with the requirements of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and with the covenants contained in the Transcript regarding the use, expenditure and investment of Bond proceeds, interest on the Bonds is excludable form the gross income of the owners of the Bonds for purposes of federal income taxation. Failure of the County to comply with its covenants and with the requirements of the Code may cause interest on the Bonds to become includable in gross income for federal income tax purposes retroactive to their date of issuance.
- 3. The Bonds and the income from the Bonds are exempt from all taxation by the State or any political subdivision of the State.

Interest on the Bonds is not treated as an item of tax preference for purposes of the alternative minimum tax imposed on individuals and corporations. However, interest on the Bonds is included as an adjustment in calculating corporate alternative minimum taxable income and may therefore affect a corporation's alternative minimum tax.

The foregoing opinions represent our legal judgment based upon a review of existing legal authorities that we deem relevant to render such opinions and are not a guarantee of a result.

Other than as described herein, we have not addressed nor are we opining on the tax consequences to any person of the investment in, or the receipt of interest on, the Bonds.

Respectfully,



APPENDIX B

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – JUNE 30, 2007

The County has not requested the consent of Barraclough & Associates, P.C., which performed the audit of the County's Financial Statements, to the inclusion of the audit report and excerpts thereof in this Official Statement, and the auditor has not conducted a post-audit review of those Financial Statements.



STATE OF NEW MEXICO

SANTA FE COUNTY

Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

(With Independent Auditors' Reports Thereon)

Year Ended June 30, 2007



Official Roster

June 30, 2007

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Virginia Vigil Mike Anaya Paul Campos Harry B. Montoya Jack Sullivan Chairperson Member Member Member Member

COUNTY OFFICIALS

Greg Solano Victor Montoya Valerie Espinoza Domingo P. Martinez Mark A. Basham Allen Grace County Sheriff
County Treasurer
County Clerk
County Assessor
Probate Judge
County Surveyor

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIAL

Roman Abeyta

County Manager

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Principals

John E. Barraclough, Jr., C.P.A. Annette V. Hayden, C.P.A. Sandra M. Shell, C.P.A./A.B.V., C.V.A. Joseph A. Sisneros, C.P.A.

Managers

Douglas W. Fraser, C.P.A.

Laura Parker, C.P.A.

Rick W. Reynolds, C.P.A.

Katherine M. Rowe, C.P.A.

Rhonda G. Williams, C.P.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Mr. Hector H. Balderas, State Auditor and County Commissioners of the State of New Mexico, Santa Fe County:

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santa Fe County, New Mexico (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the financial statements of each of the County's non major governmental and fiduciary funds presented as supplementary information in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position, cash flows and the budgetary comparison for each major fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of each non major governmental fund, the fiduciary funds of the County, as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the remaining major governmental funds, the enterprise funds and the non major governmental funds for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2007 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-15 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents and each of the County's non major governmental and fiduciary funds and budgetary comparisons in the accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements as listed in the table of contents. The schedules listed as supplemental information and other supplementary information in the table of contents are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the County. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as is required by the US Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Not-For-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying financial data schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis required by the Housing and Urban Development and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

November 9, 2007



SANTA FE COUNTY

Management's Discussion and Analysis - Unaudited June 30, 2007

As management of Santa Fe County (County), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007. This Management Discussion and Analysis represents the current year results for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, and is intended to be read in conjunction with the County's Financial Statements.

PROFILE OF THE COUNTY

The County operates under the commission-manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police, fire and corrections), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, low rent housing assistance, affordable housing, culture-recreation, public projects' improvements, planning and zoning, and general administration services. A regional planning authority created by the City and County of Santa Fe, as well as County housing services, utility, home sales and jail enterprises are included within the business activity of the County's financial statements. All legislative power within the County is vested in a five-member Board of Commissioners. The executive function is divided and shared by the Board and six elected County officials - the Assessor, Clerk, Probate Judge, Sheriff, Surveyor and Treasurer. The number of positions authorized for fiscal year 2007 is approximately 849.35.

The County maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions required in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board. The County's legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Initial appropriations must be approved by the Board of County Commissioners, and adjustments within a fund may be adjusted with the approval of the Board and the New Mexico State Department of Finance and Administration (DFA).

We believe this written analysis and the accompanying financial reporting will indicate to the reader that Santa Fe County is in good financial health. Indicators to the readers such as bond ratings, fund balances, cash on hand and budget management, will reflect a positive financial direction and management.

As an integral part of the County's accountability process, the Board of County Commissioners is active in monitoring the expenditures and budgets through both a monthly and quarterly financial reporting process. The monthly report reflects general fund activity and the quarterly report reflects all major fund activity. This reporting is provided at public meetings and becomes part of the permanent record.

Summary of County Program Highlights and Challenges

During the current fiscal year, the County accomplished the following goals and achievements.

- Organizational Structure: The organizational structure of Santa Fe County underwent considerable change during fiscal year 2007, creating large departmental structures, such as Administrative Services, Community Services and Growth Management.
- Home Sales: The Housing Authority successfully sold eight (8) affordable housing units; newly constructed homes located in the Valle Vista subdivision and have recently begun marketing homes within the Santa Cruz subdivision. The majority of affordable housing units sold were two (2) bedroom homes with an appraised market value of \$85,000.
- Affordable Housing: The County has the established ordinance and regulations to require provisions of affordable housing within the Northern and Central areas of Santa Fe County. To-date, over 170 affordable housing units have been created through this program serving County residents who earn less than 120% of the Area Median Income. The County is now on track to formally create program activities and enhance resource development within the affordable housing fund.
- Countywide Gross Receipts Tax: The County proposed and attained voter approval of a countywide emergency medical service and emergency communications gross receipts tax. The tax will be used for the operation of the Regional Emergency Communications Center (RECC previously was jointly funded by the City and the County) and operation of emergency medical services provided by Santa Fe County. With the increase, the gross receipts tax rate in the County will be 6.5625 percent.
- Competitive Salaries: During the fiscal year, a Classification and Compensation Study was completed in an effort to maintain staff and offer comparable marketable salary levels. The study indicated that the County had 125 employees who were paid below market rate of their counterparts in similar jobs. The wages of County employees were compared to the wages of City of Santa Fe employees, other local employers and those in other counties in New Mexico similar in size to Santa Fe County. Part of this process included the negotiation of the raises with collective bargaining units representing County employees. This resulted in an increase of \$200,000 to bring identified employees to the marketable range.

The County constantly deals with neighboring competitive markets and the loss of staff to those markets. This year, the County faced the challenge of providing an increase to staff of the Sheriff's Office in an effort to retain staff and become more competitive with public safety salary rates in surrounding jurisdictions. While negotiating the increases, the County did lose a total of six employees, from both Deputy and Detective classifications.

The staffing for the fire department will increase with the implementation of a new gross receipts tax and will assist with the lack of personnel and equipment. Volunteerism, approximately 300 volunteers, is critical to the County fire department. Given that, the new tax will afford incentives for volunteer firefighters, providing \$6 for responding to emergency calls and \$2 for attending

training sessions. In addition, the County is increasing the number of fire stations in high density areas, such as Rancho Viejo and adding living quarters to existing volunteer stations to accommodate new firefighters hired and in training. The County currently has a Fire Cadet Academy in process with 19 active cadets, which will graduate at the end of December.

- Mobile Healthcare Van: During the fiscal year, the County assumed operations of the Mobile Healthcare Van which was previously operated by Presbyterian Medical Services. Throughout the year, the van will visit various communities in Santa Fe County, offering free medical services. Such services include blood pressure, blood glucose, Body Mass Index, oxygen assessment, and cholesterol testing. The van also offers a wide variety of educational literature on common diseases and insurance options.
- Judicial Court Complex: The judicial court complex has been overcrowded and in dire need of renovation to accommodate security issues. Santa Fe County is currently attempting to acquire additional property on Montezuma Street for the construction of the new Judicial Center Complex in an effort to maintain a downtown location for the courthouse. A \$25 million General Obligation Bond was approved by the voters and issued for the construction of a new judicial center complex. Anticipated completion of the Judicial Center Complex is fall 2010. The project budget of \$55 million includes the building, a public plaza, eight courtrooms, two hearing rooms and about 200 parking spaces. Issues the County faces in a project of this size and importance include green design elements, historical design ordinances and the public review process.
- Satellite Offices: The County has opened a satellite office in Pojoaque. The County also has planned offices for the Eldorado and Edgewood areas as part of an overall commitment to better serve customers within the vast County. The offices will provide general constituent liaison services, answering general questions and helping solve resident problems. The County Clerk's Office will make voter registration available and the Treasurer's Office will sell transfer station permits to residents of the respective area offices.
- Bus Service: The County began its first transportation project in fiscal year 2007. The project, called The Greater Eldorado Express, will provide bus transportation between Eldorado and Santa Fe. This project was made possible by a partnership of the North Central Regional Transit District (NCRTD), the County and the New Mexico Department of Transportation. The Greater Eldorado Express is the first public transportation project to serve residents in Santa Fe County.
- Fire Station: Santa Fe County recently completed and opened the Thunder Mountain Fire Substation in Edgewood. The Substation will serve the Thunder Mountain, Quiet Valley, Vista Montana, Tierra Vista and surrounding communities. The 3,850 square foot unmanned substation will have 3 bays to house one engine, one brush truck and one tanker. It will have meeting space and can accommodate 2 volunteer firefighters.
- Public Works Facility: The County broke ground on a new facility for the Public Works Department. The facility will be located on a 37-acre site along Highway 599 northwest of the intersection with Airport Road. The project consists of 3 major components: an office building (10,680 sq. ft.), a vehicle maintenance building (13,650 sq. ft.) and a material and equipment storage yard. A fuel station will be located outside of the secure yard fencing. The facility will employ state-

- of-the-art technology and is being designed for energy and cost efficiency. Expected completion date is June 2008.
- Corrections Department: Much progress was made at the Adult Facility over the last fiscal year. In order to avert litigation with the Department of Justice, the County has hired a Medical Director, a Medical Administrator, a Mental Health Director, hired permanent nursing staff and retained security staffing. During the year, the County had to issue temporary salary increases to retain staff of the facility and prevent loss to other facilities in the area. The County is currently negotiating with the newly formed union and the temporary increases will become permanent upon a final contract. The County has worked diligently to attain approximately 300+ years of correctional experience with recent recruitment efforts; and has increased the number of training hours.
- Snow Emergency Removal: Blizzard conditions were experienced over northeast New Mexico on the night of December 29th and through the 30th. Total inches of snow recorded ranged from 22 inches in the City to upward of 27 inches with drifts up to 6 feet across the County. The County opened the Emergency Operations Center (EOC) on January 1st and remained open during much of January. The EOC responded to the citizens' calls for help and to direct fire and road crews to clear roads, and help County residents dig out and supply food and medication to families who were stranded. Once the snow melted, the new challenge for those who live in the County's rural areas transitioned to mud. The County spent a total of \$700,000 on the snow emergency. Part of the total cost included the purchase of heavy equipment for the Public Works Department.

In future years, the County is faced with the following challenges.

- Affordable Housing: Increasing demand for affordable quality housing and exponentially increasing housing market pressures, challenges the newly implemented affordable housing program. Growth Management Strategic planning for the community is a potential partner or threat depending on planning and community resource-driven activities and policies. Working with a growing network of community partners is also a challenge due to the greater need for integration of efforts and limitation of available resources.
- Water: The need for providing an adequate water supply within our droughtstricken area will continue to be placed at the forefront of future challenges. The
 challenge to be met is to balance the availability of an adequate water supply with
 the demand for increased land development. A fiscal year 2008 objective of the
 County is to continue to acquire water rights while completing ongoing plans with
 the City for financing and constructing the Buckman Direct Diversion project, and
 to begin its construction.
- Aamodt Settlement: The Aamodt Settlement in regard to water rights in the Nambe-Pojoaque-Tesuque basin will have a financial impact to Santa Fe County as well as increase in the County water utility customer base. The County will have to double the current utilities staff to accommodate an increased number of customers. To this effort the County has already purchased the Top of the World ranch for \$5 million, acquiring 1,188 acre-feet of water rights.
- Capital Projects: The County is involved in an aggressive capital program, ranging from the construction of a new Public Works Facility, the acquisition of land and construction of a downtown Judicial Complex Center, the continuation

of many projects sponsored by the State Legislature, to the water projects mentioned above, as well as road projects similarly funded and also sourced through a General Obligation Bond. The scale and total budget value of capital improvement projects in the County has more than tripled in the last four years, and now represents half of all budgeted expenditures. Given this, the County has begun developing a long-term capital infrastructure and financing plan with the initial focus on water and wastewater projects. Adequate project management staffing and control of these projects to ensure their efficient and timely completion continues to be a major challenge to the County.

• Corrections Department: The County assumed full operation of the Adult Detention Facility, which includes the security, medical and administrative components of running the facility. The implementation of the ¼ % gross receipts tax for correctional facilities has assisted in the assumption of complete jail operations. The challenge of maintaining a fiscal balance requiring no additional funding from the general fund while marketing available beds for other jurisdictions will continue to be a major focus for operation of the adult detention facility.

The Department of Justice (DOJ) audit addressed the following issues: medical care, staffing shortages, access to mental health care and nursing shortages. An additional challenge is maintaining adequate staffing by providing competitive salary for both correctional officers and nursing staff. The medical component has proven to be a large challenge for the County both from the perspective of maintaining nursing staff and balancing the budget for inmate medical costs. Several large challenges the Corrections Department will face over the next fiscal year include a shift to a new inmate phone system, compliance with the DOJ audit requirements, assumption of responsibility for Bails Bonds and the corresponding conversion of electronic monitoring and bail bonds to a 24/7 operation. The Adult Facility will continue to develop and enhance the Mental Health Program.

The Juvenile facility underwent a major staffing turnover as a result of recent allegations and investigations. Of the 80 employees, a total of 39 have either been removed or resigned. Administration continues to monitor and train staff of the facility

• Fire Staffing Levels: As the County continues to grow in population and density, demands for services will also grow. This will contribute to the need for additional paid and volunteer staffing. The County has struggled to retain firefighters and prevent loss of staff to other fire departments in Santa Fe, Albuquerque and Rio Rancho. The County currently has 20 full-time firefighters and relies heavily on its 300 volunteer firefighters to cover the County's 2000 square miles.

• Sole Community Provider Payment: Santa Fe County participates in the "Sole Community Provider" Program wherein payment is made to the State Human Services Department, which in turn matches the money with a federal Medicaid funding to fund the operation of local hospitals. In recent years, the County has struggled to meet the available base commitment for the Sole Community Provider (SCP) payment. The available base payment exceeds the available gross receipts tax revenue available for SCP funding. A \$2 million increase in SCP payments has occurred from FY2005-FY2007. In previous years, the fund that

sustains the SCP payments has had sufficient cash balance to meet the growing base payments, which is no longer the case. The County will be able to meet the SCP base payment required in FY2008. The funding for a supplemental payment in FY 2008 is not possible and the County will be limited to available gross receipts tax revenue available in FY 2009.

In addition, there is a pending Final Rule developed by the Federal Centers for Medicare and Medicaid that may have a significant future impact on the Sole Community Provider Program. There is currently a one year congressional moratorium that does not allow this rule to go into effect. This moratorium is scheduled to expire on May 25, 2008. If the Final Rule is allowed to go into effect, it is almost certain that the SCP program will be done away with. If this occurs, the Federal, State and local governments will have to determine how local hospitals will be funded, which will be a crucial challenge. The governments will have to explore a greatly increased demand for resources that may require diverting those resources from other efforts.

Lastly, the State of New Mexico is once again looking at absorbing the gross receipts tax that supports the Indigent Fund for healthcare reform, or to pay for other health related expenses. If the State does not address the health needs and concerns of the citizens who are being served by the Indigent Fund, the County will then have to determine means and sources to care for our citizens.

• County Assessor: Currently, county appraisers in the field make hand sketches and notes about types and sizes of buildings that they are appraising. The Assessor, is currently attempting to acquire a Computer-Aided Mass Appraisal System (CAMA) via a request for proposal process.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. All governmental fund types are accounted for on a spending flow measurement focus.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

Proprietary funds. The County maintains four different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as Business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for Water, Housing Authority, Regional Planning Authority, Jail and Home Sales.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

The County as a Whole

As of June 30, 2007 and 2006, net assets are as follows:

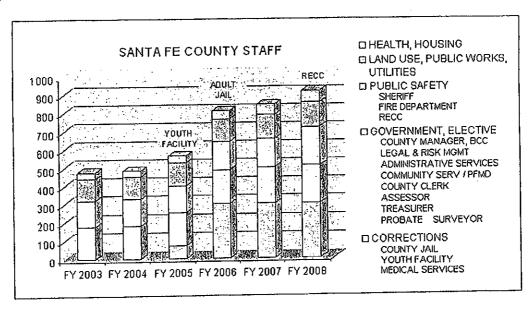
				2007			_			2006		
	G	overnmental Activities			===		Business-type <u>Activities</u>		•	<u>Total</u>		
ASSETS												
Current and Other Assets	s	172,637,478	\$	22,437,892	\$	195,075,370	\$	124,778,101	s	18,486,783	\$	143,266,884
Capital and Non-Current		69,254,692		44,346,980		113,601,672		66,386,405		44,003,162		110,389,567
Assets Total Assets		241,892,170		66,784,872	_	308,677,042	_	191,164,506		62,491.945		253,656,451
LIABILITIES												
Current Liabilities		16,381,493		2,584,986		18,966,479		13,049,725		2,493,124		15,542,849
Long-Term Liabilities		76,544,043		36,064,696		112,608,739		60,890,165		36,704,559		97,594,724
Total Liabilities	_	92,925,536		38,649,682		131,575,218		73,939,890		39.197,683		113,137,573
NET ASSETS												
A 12 Not seems		24,256,510		6,795,016		31,051,526		15,402,611		5,880,142		21,282,753
Invested in capital assets		50,320,041		2,387,579		52,707,620		46,739,368		2,387,579		49,126,947
Restricted		74,390,083		18,952,595		93,342,678		55,082,637		15,026,541	_	70,109,178
Unrestricted (deficit)							<u> </u>	117 224 616		23 294 262		140,518,878
Total net assets	\$	148,966,634	\$	28,135,190	\$	177,101,824	\$	117,224,616	<u></u>	23,294,262	<u>\$</u>	140,518,8

The County's major governmental funds are the General Fund, EMS and Health Care Fund, Capital Outlay – Gross Receipts Tax fund, and the General Obligation Bond Series 2007 fund. The governmental funds had an excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses of \$44,243,597, approximately a \$12.4 million increase over 2006. Total governmental revenues increased approximately \$18.1 million mainly due to \$4.41m in increased grants, \$6.84m in property and gross receipts taxes, \$3.53m in charges for services, \$2.74m in investment income and \$.58m in various other income.

Government-wide financial analysis.

The County change in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2007 was \$36,582,946 compared to \$23,490,976 for the year ended June 30, 2006. See pages 19 and 21 for more detail on the differences between the government wide financial statements and the governmental fund financial statements.

The fiscal year 2007 personnel costs increased because there was an increase of 14.5 positions, from 849.35 positions to 842.35 positions from the 2006 fiscal year. Of these, 12 new positions were added for the Sobering Center and 4.5 positions were deleted due to the expiration of the Day Reporting grant. An Employee Development Specialist and a Risk Manager were approved for the County Manager's Office. An Affordable Housing Specialist and a Transportation Planner were approved for the Growth Management Department and a Systems Administrator was also approved for the Administrative Services Department. Additional positions were approved for both the County Clerk's Office and the Sheriff's office and included a Voter Information Specialist and a Sexual Predator Enforcement Officer.



The Jail Facility Enterprise Fund needed a general fund transfer of \$6,441,936 to cover the cost of housing adult inmates and operational expenditures. This is a significant demand on General Fund resources. At the same time the population served by Jail Facility Fund has increased, and the scope and quality of services mandated by the State and Federal Governments have been raised.

Changes in the County's Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

				2007						2006		
		CI	nang	es in Net asset	s			Cl	ang	es in Net asset	S	
-	Go	vernmental		siness-type			G	overnmental	Βι	siness-type		
		Activities		Activities		<u>Total</u>		<u>Activities</u>	,	Activities		Total
Revenues	-											
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$	13,361,248	\$	15,021,168	\$	28,382,416	\$	9,828,097	\$	14,295,109	\$	24,123,206
Operating grants and												
contributions		9,439,229		709,384		10,148,613		7,089,664		811,229		7,900,893
Capital grants and												
contributions		4,270,740		502,625		4,773,365		2,180,528		-		2,180,528
General revenues												
Property taxes		41,815,900		-		41,815,900		39,207,706		•		39,207,706
Gross receipt taxes		35,791,058				35,791,058		32,550,085		-		32,550,085
Other taxes		2,250,058		-		2,250,058		2,249,213		-		2,249,213
Investment income		6,695,660		284,761		6,980,421		3,951,150		191,709		4,142,859
Other		1,073,790		31,180		1,104,970		515,308		17,688		532,996
Contribution not												
restricted to a specifi	С											
program		4,444,260				4,444,260		1,508,735				1,508,735
Total revenues		119,141,943		16,549,118		135,691,061		99,080,486		15,315,735		114,396,221
•												
Expenses												10 701 746
General government		23,375,447		-		23,375,447		19,721,746		-		19,721,746
Public safety		15,354,442		-		15,354,442		12,951,297		•		12,951,297
Highways and streets		8,399,402		-		8,399,402		10,055,141		-		10,055,141
Health and welfare		23,325,113		-		23,325,113		20,227,701		-		20,227,701
Culture and recreation		924,166		-		924,166		502,693		•		502,693
Economic developmen		271,025		-		271,025		316,602		•		316,602
Interest on long-term (3,248,751		-		3,248,751		2,211,444				2,211,444
Housing Services		-		1,672,159		1,672,159		-		1,618,964		1,618,964
Utilities Department		-		1,717,595		1,717,595		-		1,483,430		1,483,430
Jail Facility		-		20,001,791		20,001,791		•		20,967,958		20,967,958
Regional Planning Au		•		80,779		80,779		•		9,359		9,359
I fome sales				737,445		737,445				838,910		838,910
										5 4 6 1 0 4 0 1		00 005 245
Total expenses		74,898,346		24,209,769		99,108,115		65,986,624		24,918,621		90,905,245
•												
Increase (decrease) in no	St.							** *** ***		(0 (00 P96)		23,490,976
assets before transfers		44,243,597		(7,660,651)		36,582,946		33,093,862		(9,602,886)		23,490,970
								(10 70: 721)		10 701 221		=
Transfers		(12,501,579)		12,501,579		· · ·		(18,781,331)		18,781,331	—	
					۰.	26 602 044	\$	14,312,531	s	9,178,445	\$	23,490,976
Change in net assets	<u>\$</u>	31,742,018	<u> </u>	4,840,928	<u>\$</u>	36,582,946	-	14,312,331	•	7,1,0,777		,

Budgetary Highlights

The Santa Fe County Fiscal Year 2007 Budget totals \$157,334,129, or \$142,215,176 without counting transfers between funds. The total budget includes general operating funds which are associated with the daily operation of County government, special revenue funds which are those funds legally restricted to specific uses such as road maintenance, lodgers tax, indigent health care, capital improvement funds for improvements to County facilities and County infrastructure, debt service funds which pay for principal and interest on outstanding bonds and enterprise funds where user fees primarily generate the fund revenues.

The General Fund original operating budget expenditures for fiscal year 2007 totals \$46.3 million, up \$5.0 million from \$41.3 million budgeted in fiscal year 2006. The major sources of increase to General Fund revenues are an increase of \$1.8 million in property taxes, \$2.5 million increase in gross receipts taxes, including the new 1/16 cent levy of \$2.25 million, a \$0.2 million increase in fees, charges, and other revenue, a \$950 thousand increase in investment income due to increased interest rates, a \$0.4 million decrease in state and federal grants due to the cessation of the Home for Good grant, and the non-inclusion of the Region III drug grant in the initial fiscal year 2007 budget.

The Special Revenue Funds budget for fiscal year 2007 totals \$42.1 million, which is up \$1.3 million increase from the \$40.8 million, budgeted in the prior fiscal year. This increase is principally due to increases in the EMS Health Care fund, \$0.3 million, the County Capital Outlay Tax fund, \$0.4 million, and the Detox Fund, \$0.5 million as the Sobering Center is funded.

Capital Project Funds original budget for fiscal year 2007 totals \$33.2 million compared to \$12.5 million in fiscal year 2006. Individual fund budgets are not strictly comparable between fiscal years because budgets in one year may be established at the beginning of the new fiscal year but deferred in the other year until later in the year. The increase noted here are as follows, \$1.0 million for Road Projects, and \$10.4 million for the Special Appropriations Fund budgets included in the fiscal year 2007 original budget but not in the fiscal year 2006 original budget. Also, the 2005 GOB Series proceeds budget of \$11.9 million is new in fiscal year 2007.

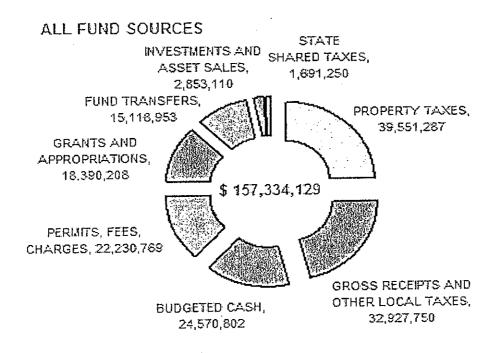
Debt Service Funds are budgeted at \$9.9 million in fiscal year 2007, compared to \$4.8 million in the prior fiscal year, due primarily to a \$4 million payment due July 1, 2007 on the 2005 Series General Obligation Bond. In addition, there is a \$300 thousand payment for the NMFA loan on the Paramount building acquisition, not previously in the budget.

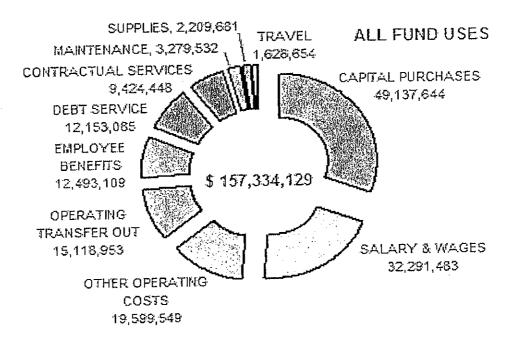
Enterprise Fund budgets (water utilities, housing, regional planning authority and the jail) total \$25.6 million, up from \$23.6 million in fiscal year 2006. Nearly all of this increase is due to the increased costs of assuming the Adult Detention Facility, and continued operation of the Youth Development (Juvenile) Facility.

The following charts provide a condensed picture of the County revenues, funds, and expenses by departments and function. Sources include tax receipts, all fees collected by

the County, Federal and State grant receipts, cash transfers between funds, interest, incoming fund transfer, and budgeted cash carryover. Uses include the expenses of various County services, payment of interest, retirement of debt and outgoing fund transfers.

FISCAL YEAR 2007





Credit Ratings

Moody's performed a rating review as of September 2007, and upgraded the County rating to an <u>Aa1</u> from an <u>Aa2</u> for the 2007 General Obligation Bond Series. The upgrade reflects the County's large and diverse tax base supported by solid financial operations bolstered by ample reserves, and a modest debt burden that is expected to increase yet remain manageable.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings and improvements, water systems, transfer stations, roads and infrastructure, vehicle/heavy equipment, machinery and equipment, furniture and fixtures, lease purchases and construction in progress. Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

 Phone Conversion to IP Phones Mobile Vision In-Car Video Systems Washer/Dryer for the Adult Detention Facility Cameras for Adult Detention Facility Waste Water Trmt. Facility Feasibility Study Judicial Court Complex Public Works Facility Public Works – Heavy Equipment Sheriff's Office Vehicles Fire – Pumper & Ambulance Agua Fria Comm. Center – Water 	\$254,639 \$ 48,552 \$ 61,279 \$ 67,700 \$ 31,854 \$375,150 \$340,218 \$600,919 \$232,219 \$895,085 \$242,537
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Long-Term Debt Administration

Santa Fe County's maximum legal debt capacity for general obligation bond indebtedness was \$239,016,184 as of June 30, 2007, of which \$79,478,998 has been obligated. This leaves an available bonding capacity of \$159,537,196 in excess of present debt requirements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The Santa Fe County Fiscal Year 2008 Budget, totals \$181,363,836 or \$166,650,978 without transfers between funds. Differences between the fiscal year 2008 and the fiscal year 2007 budgets stem from new inclusions in the fiscal year 2008 budget, such as cash-supported expense in the general fund for major projects, such as \$2.6 million for the Judicial Center Complex; \$1.9 million of the Santa Fe County business park, and \$1.6 million for fixtures and equipment for the new Public Works Facility.

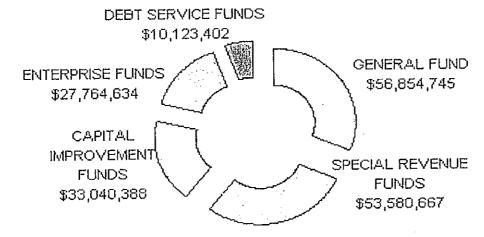
Property tax revenues have increased at a significant rate, reflecting new construction in the County. Budgeted revenue forecasts have assumed a 6.5% growth rate, whereas

actual receipts nearly doubled this rate in fiscal year 2007. Property tax receipts and a significant increase in investment income contributed to a strong general fund cash position.

The County has imposed all gross receipts taxes enabled by the State Legislature and early in the fiscal year, the Board of County Commissioners approved a 1/16 cent Health Gross Receipts Tax, to defray a Medicaid sharing payment of \$2.4 million made to the State. From the standpoint of property taxes, the calculated levy for residential property is \$4.58 and for non-residential property \$10.52 per \$1,000 net taxable value, versus a statutory limit of \$11.85 per \$1,000 net taxable value. The residential mill rates are lower than in most New Mexico counties.

SANTA FE COUNTY FUNDTYPE SOURCES AND USES

\$181,363,836



Financial Contact

The County's financial statements are designed to present users with the general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the Department's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional information, contact the County's Finance Director at 102 Grant Ave, PO Box 276, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504 or visits our website at http://www.santafecounty.nm.us.

Statement of Net Assets

	F	rimary Governme	nt
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Equity in pooled cash investments - Unrestricted	\$ 33,999,179	\$ -	\$ 33,999,179
Equity in pooled cash investments - Restricted	109,287,744	18,724,088	128,011,832
Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible			
Accounts	953,174	2,958,711	3,911,885
Taxes	10,585,871	-	10,585,871
Interest	846,006	65,583	911,589
Grantor agencies and other	6,703,723	-	6,703,723
Mortgage receivables	10,261,781	232,287	10,494,068
Interfund balances	-	-	-
Assets held for sale	-	689,510	689,510
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	69,254,692	34,811,077	104,065,769
Deferred costs, net		358,970	358,970
Water rights		8,944,646	8,944,646
Total assets	\$ 241,892,170	\$ 66,784,872	\$ 308,677,042
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 3,174,687	\$ 490,706	\$ 3,665,393
Accrued payroll	563,247	265,317	828,564
Accrued interest	1,639,573	614,392	2,253,965
Interfund balances	-	-	-
Deferred revenue	1,157,916	232,287	1,390,203
Deposits held for others	94,411	86,273	180,684
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	9,751,659	896,011	10,647,670
Due in more than one year	76,544,043	36,064,696	112,608,739
Total liabilities	92,925,536	38,649,682	131,575,218
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	24,256,510	6,795,016	31,051,526
Restricted for:			
Debt service	11,115,367	2,387,579	13,502,946
Capital projects	39,204,674	-	39,204,674
Unrestricted	74,390,083	18,952,595	93,342,678
Total net assets	\$ 148,966,634	\$ 28,135,190	\$ 177,101,824

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2007

			Program Revenues		Net (Expenses) F	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets	ges in Net Assets
			Operating	Capitai		Primary Government	ıţ
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ (23,375,447)	\$ 1,946,748	\$ 2,085,995	\$ 3,182,832	\$ (16,159,872)	, \$\frac{1}{2}	\$ (16,159,872)
Public safety	(15,354,442)	2,879,642	2,002,967	•	(10,471,833)	•	(10,471,833)
Highways and streets	(8,399,402)	11,809	42,830	1,087,908	(7,256,855)	•	(7,256,855)
Health and welfare	(23,325,113)	8,523,049	4,874,754	1	(9,927,310)	1	(9,927,310)
Culture and recreation	(954,166)	•	432,683	•	(491,483)	1	(491,483)
Economic development	(271,025)	•	•	•	(271,025)	•	(271,025)
Interest expense	(3,248,751)	•	1	1	(3,248,751)	1	(3,248,751)
Total governmental activities	(74,898,346)	13,361,248	9,439,229	4,270,740	(47,827,129)	1	(47,827,129)
Business -type activities:							
Housing services	(1,672,159)	367,009	592,183	1	,	(712,967)	(712,967)
Utilities department	(1,717,595)	1,615,716	•	502,625	•	400,746	400,746
Jail facility	(20,001,791)	12,483,710	117,201	ı	t	(7,400,880)	(7,400,880)
Regional planning authority	(80,779)	38,688	,	î	,	(42,091)	(42,091)
Home sales	(737,445)	516,045	1	•	•	(221,400)	(221,400)
Total business-type activities	(24,209,769)	15,021,168	709,384	502,625	-	(7,976,592)	(7,976,592)
Total primary government	\$ (99,108,115)	\$ 28,382,416	\$ 10,148,613	\$ 4,773,365	(47,827,129)	(7,976,592)	(55,803,721)
	General Revenues	S					
	Property taxes				41,815,900	•	41,815,900
	Gross receipt taxes	ıxes			35,791,058	•	35,791,058
	Other taxes				2,250,058	•	2,250,058
	Investment income	ome			6,695,660	284,761	6,980,421
	Other				1,073,790	31,180	1,104,970
	Contributions n	Contributions not restricted to a specific program	ecific program		4,444,260	•	4,444,260
	Total general revenues	revenues			92,070,726	315,941	92,386,667
	Changes i	Changes in net assets before transfers	transfers		44,243,597	(7,660,651)	36,582,946
	Transfers				(12,501,579)	12,501,579	•
	Change in net assets	net assets			31,742,018	4,840,928	36,582,946
	Net assets - beginning	າຄາ່ກg			117,224,616	23,294,262	140,518,878
	Net assets - ending	§			\$ 148,966,634	\$ 28,135,190	\$ 177,101,824

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2007

	Major Funds						
	-		Special	0 1 10	· . m ·		
	General		EMS and	Capital Pro Capital Outlay Gross Receipts Tax	General Obligation Bond Series 2007	Non-Major Other Funds	Total
ASSETS					•		e 22 000 170
Equity in pooled cash and investments - Unrestricted Equity in pooled cash and investments - Restricted Receivables, net of allowance for uncollectible	\$ 33,793,088 1,838,198	\$	206,091 2,129,729	\$ - 30,919,010	\$ 25,209,090	\$ - 49,191,717	\$ 33,999,179
Accounts	94,558		858,616		•	7 440 040	953,174
Taxes	4,492,988		883,463	1,766,571	110 706	3,442,849	10,585,871
Interest	639,701		-	•	110,725	95,580	846,006
Grantor agencies and other	612,495		751,970	-	-	5,339,258	6,703,723 10,261,781
Mortgages Due from other funds	1,949,727		-	-	-	10,261,781 5,719	1,955,446
	T 42 420 755	<u> </u>	4,829,869	\$ 32,685,581	\$25,319,815	\$ 68,336,904	\$174,592,924
Total assets	\$ 43,420,755	<u> </u>	4,029,009	3 32,063,361	#2J,J17,017	300,330,701	#111,000,001
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE							
Liabilities		•	ec 120	m 204.600	e 66.024	¢ 1744910	\$ 3,151,779
Accounts payable	\$ 1,080,217	\$	56,130	\$ 204,588	\$ 66,034	\$ 1,744,810 65,224	563,247
Accrued payroll	411,789		86,234	-	-	1,955,446	1,955,446
Due to other funds	2 247 000		-	-	-	11,284,969	14,632,859
Deferred revenue	3,347,890		•	-	•	94,411	94,411
Deposits held for others	22,908		•		_	77,711	22,908
Other	22,908		-	-			22,700
Total liabilities	4,862,804		142,364	204,588	66,034	15,144,860	20,420,650
Fund Balance							
Reserved for	2 5/4 202		500 120	2 410 062	4,602,830	8,223,164	18,409,589
Encumbrances	2,564,302		599,330	2,419,963	4,002,630	11,115,367	11,115,367
Debt service	2,564,302		599,330	2,419,963	4,602,830	19,338,531	29,524,956
Total reserved fund balance	2,364,302		799,330	2,419,503	4,002,000	17,550,551	23,500,11,000
Unreserved reported in			1,958,446	_	-	21,192,087	23,150,533
Special Revenue	1,815,290		2,129,729	_	-		3,945,019
Contingency	1,012,290		لاه) و کارت -	30,061,030	20,650,951	13,276,085	63,988,066
Capital projects	34,178,359			20,001,000	-	(614,659)	33,563,700
Unreserved - Undesignated Total unreserved fund balance	35,993,649		4,088,175	30,061,030	20,650,951	33,853,513	124,647,318
Total fund balance	38,557,951		4,687,505	32,480,993	25,253,781	53,192,044	154,172,274
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 43,420,755		4,829,869	\$ 32,685,581	\$25,319,815	\$68,336,904	\$174,592,924

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Total Fund Balance Governmental Funds	\$ 154,172,274
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	69,254,692
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds	(86,482,837)
Reductions of deferred revenue for property tax revenue recorded on full accrual basis. Governmental funds recognize tax revenue on the modified accrual basis	3,213,162
Accrual of interest on long-term obligations not recorded by the governmental funds until paid	(1,639,573)
Developer funded mortgages not recorded as revenue by the governmental funds until paid by the homeowners	10,261,781
Capitalized bond issuance and deferred costs, net of amortization, expensed by the governmental funds	318,247
Bond premium, net of amortization	(131,112)
Net assets governmental activities	\$ 148,966,634

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Major	Funds				
•		Special			•	
		Revenue Fund	Capital Pro	ject Funds		
				General		
			Capital Outlay	Obligation		
		EMS and	Gross Receipts	Bond Series	Non-Major	
	General	Health Care	Tax	2007	Other Funds	Total
Revenues:						
Grants	\$ 2,085,995	\$ 1,059,754	\$ -	\$ -	\$10,564,220	\$ 13,709,969
Property tax	31,826,076	-	-	-	10,212,984	42,039,060
Gross receipts tax	8,805,426	4,871,787	9,802,286	•	12,311,559	35,791,058
Other taxes and assessments	1,091,509		-	•	1,158,549	2,250,058
Interest earnings	4,750,661	_	-	421,097	1,523,902	6,695,660
Charges for services, fines and penalties	1,755,849	6,352,827		_	5,252,572	13,361,248
Other	39,116	-	-	_	1,034,674	1,073,790
Other						
Total revenues	50,354,632	12,284,368	9,802,286	421,097	42,058,460	114,920,843
Expenditures:						
Current						
General government	17,832,387	<u>.</u>	_	_	800,755	18,633,142
Public safety	7,957,272				4,120,909	12,078,181
Highways and streets	3,757,624	-	_	_	2,486,727	6,244,351
Health and welfare	411,119	11,028,395		-	11,318,754	22,758,268
Culture and recreation	406,900	,		_	436,140	843,040
Economic development	400,700	_	_	_	271,025	271,025
·	1,115,713	_	1,875,252	109,907	11,147,266	14,248,138
Capital outlay	1,112,713	_	1,075,252	1177,3777	10,061,266	10,061,266
Debt service (principal and interest)	•	_	_	90,646	3,467	94,113
Debt issuance costs and other				70,040	3,107	
Total expenditures	31,481,015	11,028,395	1,875,252	200,553	40,646,309	85,231,524
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over						
Expenditures	18,873,617	1,255,973	7,927,034	220,544	1,412,151	29,689,319
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers, in	981,567	125,000	24,866		3,515,593	4,647,026
Operating transfers, out	(8,878,374)	(125,000)	(600,000)		(6,580,071)	(16,183,445)
Proceeds from bonds	(5,5,1,5,1,7,1,7,1,7,1,7,1,7,1,7,1,7,1,7,		-	25,033,237	•	25,033,237
Troccus from contas			<u> </u>			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,896,807)		(575,134)	25,033,237	(3,064,478)	13,496,818
Net changes in fund balance	10,976,810	1,255,973	7,351,900	25,253,781	(1,652,327)	43,186,137
Fund balance, beginning of year	27,581,141	3,431,532	25,129,093	· · · · ·	54,844,371	110,986,137
Fund balance, end of year	\$38,557,951	\$ 4,687,505	\$ 32,480,993	\$25,253,781	\$53,192,044	\$ 154,172,274

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balance total governmental funds	\$ 43,186,137
Current year Capital Outlay expenditures capitalized in the statement of Net Assets	13,282,978
Depreciation expense recorded in the Statement of Activities	(10,400,827)
Debt Service principal payments expensed in the governmental funds, recorded as a reduction of long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets	7,178,684
Proceeds of bonds issued during 2007 recorded as other financing sources in the governmental funds but as liabilities in the government wide financial statements	(25,000,000)
General fund payments expense for capital lease obligations and post closure costs recorded as a reduction of long-term liabilities	13,284
Capitalized bond issuance costs, net of amortization	64,719
Bond premium, net of amortization	(20,201)
Increase in compensated absences not recorded until paid by the governmental funds	(359,306)
Net increase in accrued interest expense not recorded until paid by the governmental funds	(410,687)
Current year developer funded mortgages not recorded as revenue in the governmental funds but recorded as deferred revenue	4,444,260
Net effect of full accrual accounting to record tax revenue in the Statement of Activities which is recorded on a modified accrual basis in the governmental financial statements	(223,159)
Loss on disposal of capital assets not recorded in the governmental funds	(13,864)
Change in net assets	\$ 31,742,018

General Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget to Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				•
Grants	\$ 1,377,494	\$ 2,260,543	\$ 2,084,512	\$ (176,031)
Taxes and special assessments	37 , 857,677	37,956,066	41,653,915	3,697,849
Interest earnings	2,250,000	2,250,000	4,750,661	2,500,661
Charges for services	1,161,250	1,185,885	1,279,280	93,395
Licenses and permits	465,562	465,562	491,413	25,851
Other	35,000	59,000	64,620	5,620
Total revenues	43,146,983	44,177,056	\$ 50,324,401	\$ 6,147,345
Cash balance carryforward	2,232,884	4,783,583		
Total	\$ 45,379,867	\$ 48,960,639		
Expenditures:				
General government	\$ 24,359,969	\$ 24,503,050	\$ 19,168,656	\$ 5,334,394
Public Safety	7,510,010	9,279,756	8,441,426	838,330
Highways and streets	1,053,845	1,655,431	1,631,155	24,276
Health and welfare	450,571	528,198	416,128	112,070
Culture and recreation	583,203	861,564	813,459	48,105
Public Works	3,525,462	4,116,382	3,694,095	422,287
Total expenditures	\$ 37,483,060	\$ 40,944,381	\$ 34,164,919	\$ 6,779,462
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bond proceeds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Operating transfers in	981,567	981,567	981,567	-
Operating transfers out	(8,878,374)	(8,997,825)	(8,878,374)	(119,451)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	\$ (7,896,807)	\$ (8,016,258)	\$ (7,896,807)	(119,451)
Net income (loss) - Budgetary basis			\$ 8,262,675	
Reconciliation to GAAP basis income (loss):				
To record audit adjustments for revenue, net of prior year re	evenue reversals		30,231	
To record audit adjustment for expenses			•	
Outstanding encumbrances recorded as budgetary				
expenditures and not for GAAP purposes			2,564,302	
Reversal of prior year accruals			119,602	
Change in not assets - GAAP basis			\$ 10,976,810	

EMS and Health Care Statement of Revenues and Expenditures

Budget to Actual (Non-GAAP Basis)

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance- Favorable (Unfavorable)
ø 10109 <i>(</i>	ድ ጋ ለየስ ንስ፤	e 200 401	\$ (1,781,220)
4,500,000	4,500,000	4,808,562	308,562
4,017,280	4,419,837	5,153,128	733,291 (623)
100,000	100,000		(023)
8,999,206	11,109,538	\$ 10,369,548	\$ (739,990)
612,385	1,850,614		
\$ 9,611,591	\$ 12,960,152		
-	•	*	\$ -
			1,445,562
	-	-	•
5,608,899	7,080,008	6,782,954	297,054
-	•	-	•
-		<u> </u>	
\$ 9,611,591	\$ 13,079,603	\$ 11,336,987	\$ 1,742,616
\$ -			- (119,451)
-			(119,451)
	(120,000)		
\$ -	\$ 119,451	\$ -	(119,451)
		\$ (967,439)	
		1 014 920	
evenue reversais		1,914,020	
		599 33በ	
		(276,951)	
		\$ 1,255,973	
	\$ 381,926 4,500,000 - 4,017,280 100,000 - 8,999,206 612,385 \$ 9,611,591 \$ - 4,002,692 5,608,899 - \$ 9,611,591	Budget Budget \$ 381,926 \$ 2,089,701 4,500,000 4,500,000 - - 4,017,280 4,419,837 100,000 100,000 - - 8,999,206 11,109,538 612,385 1,850,614 \$ 9,611,591 \$ 12,960,152 \$ - - \$ 5,999,595 - 5,608,899 7,080,008 - - \$ 9,611,591 \$ 13,079,603 \$ - 244,451 - (125,000) \$ - \$ 119,451	Budget Budget Actual

Statement of Net Assets Enterprise Funds

June 30, 2007

ASSETS	Housing Services	Utilities Department	Jail Facility	Regional Planning Authority	Home Sales	Total
Current Assets:						
Cash and investments- restricted	\$ 2,036,022	\$ 3,648,163	\$10,500,513	\$ 179,557	\$ 2,359,833	\$18,724,088
Accrued interest	- L,050,022	1,108	64,475	-	-,201,000	65,583
Accounts receivable, net	56,626	203,674	2,683,255	11,485	-	2,955,040
Interfund balances		-	-,00-(-	-	
Notes receivable, net	_	3,671	-			3,671
Assets held for sale		•	•		689,510	689,510
Total current assets	2,092,648	3,856,616	13,248,243	191,042	3,049,343	22,437,892
Non-current Assets:	2,0000					
Fixed assets - building, land, equipment						
jail facility and water system	7,150,760	10,842,362	29,940,123	7,650	-	47,940,895
Accumulated depreciation	(3,824,762)	(1,793,302)	(7,507,959)	(3,795)	-	(13,129,818)
Total fixed assets, net of	<u> </u>		```			
depreciation	3,325,998	9,049,060	22,432,164	3,855		34,811,077
Deferred costs, net			358,970	•	-	358,970
Water rights	-	8,944,646	•	-	-	8,944,646
Mortgage receivable	-	-			232,287	232,287
Total assets	\$ 5,418,646	\$21,850,322	\$36,039.377	\$ 194,897	\$ 3,281,630	\$66,784,872
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 7,958	\$ 42,212	\$ 424,546	\$ -	\$ 15,990	\$ 490,706
Accrued payroll	19,124	14,880	229,439	1,874	-	265,317
Accreed interest	• -	•	614,392	-	-	614,392
Interfund balances	•	-	•	-	-	-
Deposits held for others	66,704	19,569		-		86,273
Current portion of notes and	·					
bonds payable	121,011	•	775,000	-	-	896,011
Deferred revenue	•	•	-	-	232,287	232,287
Total current liabilities	214,797	76,661	2,043,377	1,874	248,277	2,584,986
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Notes and bonds payable	4,827,434	-	25,535,000	-	-	30,362,434
Interest payable	5,702,262		-	-	-	5,702,262
Total noncurrent liabilities	10,529,696		25,535,000	-		36,064,696
Total liabilities	10,744,493	76,661	27,578,377	1,874	248,277	38,649,682
Not assets						
Invested in capital assets and water rights,						
net of related debt	(7,324,709)	17,993,706	(3,877,836)	3,855	•	6,795,016
Restricted for						
Debt service	-	-	2,387,579	-	-	2,387,579
Unrestricted	1,998,862	3,779,955	9,951,257	189,168	3,033,353	18,952,595
Total net assets	(5.325,847)	21,773,661	8,461,000	193,023	3,033,353	28,135,190
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 5,418,646	\$21,850,322	\$36,039,377	\$ 194,897	\$ 3,281,630	\$66,784,872
por mailed	<u></u>					

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Net Assets

Enterprise Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Flousing Services	Utilities Department	Jail Facility	Regional Planning Authority	Home Sales	Total
Operating revenues						
Facilities rentals and charges						
for services	\$ 367,009	\$ -	\$ 12,483,710	\$ 38,688	\$ -	\$ 12,889,407
Water sales, net	•	1,615,716	-	-	-	1,615,716
Miscellaneous	24,630	3,750	2,800	-	-	31,180
Sale of homes	-				516,045	516,045
Total operating revenues	391,639	1,619,466	12,486,510	38,688	516,045	15,052,348
Operating expenses						
Cost of sales	-	-	_	-	737,445	737,445
General	1,327,793	1,717,595	18,521,480	80,779		21,647,647
Total operating expenses	1,327,793	1,717,595	18,521,480	80,779	737,445	22,385,092
Operating income (loss)	(936,154)	(98,129)	(6,034,970)	(42,091)	(221,400)	(7,332,744)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)						
Interest on eash and investments	-	3,734	281,027	-	•	284,761
HUD operating subsidy and other						
federal/state funds	592,183	•	117,201	-	-	709,384
Interest expense on notes payable	(344,366)		(1,480,311)	-	-	(1,824,677)
Total non-operating						
revenues (expenses)	247,817	3,734	(1,082,083)	<u> </u>		(830,532)
Net income (loss) before contributions						
and operating transfers	(688,337)	(94,395)	(7,117,053)	(42,091)	(221,400)	(8,163,276)
Capital Contributions						
Capital contributions from						
governmental funds	12,545	890,605	53,085	1,635	142,919	1,100,789
Contributions from Developers		502,625	•		•	502,625
Capital assets contributions (expense)	(135,629)	•	٠.	-	-	(135,629)
Total capital contributions	(123,084)	1,393,230	53.085	1,635	142,919	1,467,785
Operating transfers in	214,835	129,648	-	_	•	344,483
Operating transfers (out)	214,035	125,010	11,191,936			11,191,936
Total transfers	214,835	129,648	11,191,936			11,536,419
rotal Gaustera	214,025	123,010				
Change in net assets	(596,586)	1,428,483	4,127,968	(40,456)	(78,481)	4,840.928
Net assets (deficit), beginning of year	(4,729,261)	20,345,178	4,333,032	233,479	3,111,834	23.294,262
Net assets (deficit), end of year	\$ (5,325,847)	\$ 21,773,661	\$ 8,461,000	\$ 193,023	\$ 3,033,353	\$ 28,135,190

Exhibit 11 Page 1 of 2

Statement of Cash Flows

Enterprise Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Housing	Utilities Jail		Regional Planning	Home		
•	Services	Department	Facility	Authority	Sales	Total	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities							
Cash received from customers and others Cash payments to suppliers for goods and	\$ 374,970	\$ 1,627,399	\$ 10,669,058	\$ 27,203	\$ 484,425	\$ 13,183,055	
services	(376,527)	(831,258)	(5,089,571)	(11,531)	-	(6,308,887)	
Cash payments to employees for services	(667,732)	(584,921)	(11,672,467)	(65,844)	-	(12,990,964)	
Net eash provided (used) by operating activities	(669,289)	211,220	(6,092,980)	(50,172)	484,425	(6,116,796)	
Cash Flows Provided from Noncapital Financing activities							
Cash from grantors and other	390,466	-	120,001	-	-	510,467	
Cash from operating transfers in	214,836	129,648	11,191,936	-	-	11,536,420	
Cash used to pay due to other funds Net eash provided by							
noncapital financing activities	605,302	129,648	11,311,937	*		12,046,887	
Cash Flows Provided from Capital and Related Financing Activities							
Payment of notes payable and accrued interest	-		(2,246,290)	-	-	(2,246,290)	
Cash paid for fixed assets Net each (used by) provided by	(6,629)	(31,178)	(579,194)			(617,001)	
capital and related financing		(31.150)	(2.025.404)			(2,863,291)	
activities	(6,629)	(31,178)	(2,825,484)			(2,003,291)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest on cash and investment	-	3,942	281,819			285,761	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(70,616)	313,632	2,675,292	(50,172)	484,425	3,352,561	
Cash and investments at beginning of year	2,106,638	3,334,531	7,825,221	229,729	1,875,408	15,371.527	
Cash and investments at end of year	\$ 2,036,022	\$ 3,648,163	\$ 10,500,513	\$ 179,557	\$ 2,359,833	\$ 18,724,088	

Statement of Cash Flows (Continued)

Enterprise Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Housing Services	Utilities Department	Jail Facility	Regional Planning Authority	Home Sales	Total
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to not cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to not eash provided (used) by	\$ (936,154)	\$ (98,129)	\$ (6,034,970)	\$ (42,091)	\$ (221,400)	\$ (7,332,744)
operating activities Deprecation and amortization expenses Bad debt expense	240,812 40,000	252,894 112,270	1,139,349 552,228	1,530		1,634,585 704,498
Change in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in notes receivable (Increase) decrease in assets held for sale	(24,199)	3,664 512	(1,817,452)	(11,485) - -	- - 689,835	(1,849,472) 512 689,835
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in compensated absences (Decrease) increase in deposits held for	(565) 3,287	(65,102) 1,354	82,250 (14,385)	- 1,874	15,990	32,573 (7,870)
others Total adjustments	7,530 266,865	3,757 309,349	(58,010)	(8,081)	705,825	11,287
Net eash provided by (used by) operating activities	\$ (669,289)	\$ 211,220	\$ (6,092,980)	\$ (50,172)	\$ 484,425	\$ (6,116,796)

Supplemental information: Non monetary transactions - HUD forgave \$201,717 of interest and principal and contributed revenue was credited. Also the County governmental funds paid for \$12,545 of capital asset additions for Housing Services, \$890,605 of capital asset and water rights additions for the Utilities Department, \$1,635 of capital asset additions for Regional Planning Authority, and \$53,085 of capital asset additions for the Jail. Housing Services contributed \$135,629 of homes held for sale to the Home Sales fund as well as \$71,820 of mortgages receivable and corresponding deferred revenue. Other funds contributed \$7,290 of costs for homes held for sale to the Home Sales fund. Developers contributed \$502,625 in infrastructure additions to Utilities.

Agency Funds Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities

June 30, 2007

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Equity in pooled cash and investments - restricted Property taxes receivable	\$	2,636,937 5,690,583
Total assets		8,327,520
LIABILITIES		
Due to other governments		5,690,583
Overpayments and taxes paid in advance		1,458,542
Deposits held for others		625,321
Undistributed taxes to other entities		553,074
Total liabilities		8,327,520
Net assets	\$	-

Notes to Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Santa Fe County (County) was established by the laws of the Territory of New Mexico of 1852, under provisions of the act now referred to as Section 4-26-1 of the New Mexico Statutes Annotated, 1978 Compilation. The County operates under the commission-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized in the grant of powers: public safety (police, fire), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, low rent housing assistance, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administration services.

The County's entity wide financial statements sheet includes the accounts of all the County's operations. The County's major operations include sheriff and fire protection, collection of and distribution of property taxes, parks and recreation, planning and zoning, certain health social service, general administration service, low income housing assistance, jail operations and the utilities division.

Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements 14 and 39. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operation, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluating potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the government and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the government and is generally available to its citizens. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the government is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. GASB 39 became effective July 1, 2003 which expanded the criteria of a component unit, and the Rancho Viejo Improvement District became part of the County's financial statements as a debt service fund.

There is not a separate governing body for the Rancho Viejo Improvement District and per the debt offering statement the County's Commissioners become the governing body. The funds from the debt benefited the County and accordingly, per GASB 39, the Rancho Viejo Improvement District fund is blended with the County's financial statements.

During July 1996, the Housing Authority's Board resigned and day to day operations became a County responsibility. The Authority operations are included in the financial statements as County enterprise and special revenue funds. The Santa Fe County Housing Authority Enterprise Fund is now known as Housing Services Enterprise Fund (Housing Services).

The Santa Fe County Water Company (Water Company) was organized for the purposes of planning, studying, designing, financing, constructing, purchasing, owning, operating, maintaining, and improving systems for the supply and distribution of water to and for the general public in one or more areas of Santa Fe County, New Mexico, pursuant to and in accordance with the Franchise Ordinance and other contractual agreements with the Commission, in order to promote the conservation of and efficient use of water (and for related purposes). During July 1996, the Water Company was dissolved and is now accounted for as a County enterprise fund.

The Water Company, now known as Santa Fe County Utilities Department (Utilities Department) is an enterprise fund and its operations had commenced June 28, 1996. Costs incurred in the planning and design of a water system have been capitalized and are amortized over the 50 year life of the water system.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

The financial statements of the County have been prepared to conform with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The County is responsible for the fair presentation in the basic financial statements of its financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the proprietary funds in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The County follows GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments (GASB 34). This statement affects the manner in which the County records transactions and presents financial information. State and local governments have traditionally used a financial reporting model substantially different from the one used to prepare private-sector financial reports. GASB 34 establishes new requirements and a new reporting model, much like private-sector financial reports, for the annual financial reports of state and local governments. The new format was developed to make annual reports of state and local governments easier to understand and more useful to users of governmental financial information.

Management Discussion and Analysis – GASB 34 requires the financial statements be accompanied by a narrative introduction and analytical overview of the County's financial activities in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This analysis is similar to the analysis provided in the annual reports of private-sector organizations.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all the County's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities, but also capital and other long-term assets as well as long-term liabilities. Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and costs of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter.

Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements consist of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements and
- · Notes to the basic financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the County. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses including depreciation expense are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to other functions but is included in general government functions. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, enterprise funds, and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Derived tax revenues (gross receipts taxes, cigarette taxes, gasoline taxes, etc.) are recognized when the underlying exchange transaction takes place. Revenues from fines and permits are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities, subject to this same limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as they are recorded.

Governmental financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available or when the underlying exchange transaction takes place. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures, generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accounting.

Fiduciary Fund Types (Agency funds) use the accrual basis of accounting. Agency funds are used to account for assets held as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments and/or other funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Exceptions to this general rule include: debt service expenditures which are recorded when fund liabilities are due and

(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

to compensate absences which are recorded only when payable from current available financial resources.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, gross receipts taxes, state shared taxes, investment income and charges for services. In accordance with GASB Statement 33, estimated property taxes, that are not available, are recorded as both accounts receivable and deferred revenue. Other intergovernmental taxes are not recorded as the amounts are not estimable. Grant revenues are recognized as revenues when the related costs are incurred. All other revenues are recognized when they are received and are not susceptible to accrual, because they are usually not measurable until payment is actually received.

The County reports deferred revenue on its governmental fund and government wide balance sheets. Deferred revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred revenues also arise when resources are received by the County before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria methods are met or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Customer contributions owed to the Utilities Department for the extension of the water system to their property is recorded as revenue when the customer begins to receive water service. Customer contributions owed to the Utilities Department are recorded as notes receivable and deferred revenue if water service has not yet been extended to the customer. Mortgage receivables owed to Housing Services Fund when the homeowner purchased the property under the Home Sales program is not owed unless the homeowner sells or refinances the property. These mortgages represent the deferred profit from the sale of the property. Ten percent of the mortgage balance is reduced each year the homeowner owns the property. Deferred revenue is recorded until the homeowner sells the property and the mortgage receivable is paid off.

Presentation of Funds

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The transactions of each fund are summarized in a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which include its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenses/expenditures. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistently with legal and managerial requirements. Governmental funds are reported as major funds in the accompanying financial statements if they meet both of the following criteria:

- Ten percent criterion An individual governmental fund reports at least 10 percent of any of the following: a) total governmental fund assets, b) total governmental fund liabilities, c) total governmental fund revenues, or d) total governmental fund expenditures.
- Five percent criterion An individual governmental fund reports at least 5 percent of the total for both governmental and enterprise funds of any of the items for which it met the 10 percent criterion.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial activities except those required to be accounted for in other funds. It is funded primarily through property, gross

(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Presentation of Funds (Continued)

receipts and other miscellaneous taxes.

Capital Outlay Gross Receipts Tax Proceeds Fund. This capital project fund receives a ¼ cent gross receipt tax to be used for various capital projects.

EMS and Health Care Fund. This is a special revenue fund. The revenues and expenditures in the Emergency Service Fund (EMS) represent health and emergency services revenue, and associated health and emergency services. Revenues include the receipt of the full 1/8 cent Gross Receipt tax dedicated to emergency services and health services payments through a Memorandum of understanding with St. Vincent's Hospital. The EMS and Health Care Fund was established by the Board of County Commissioners.

General Obligation Bond Series 2007 – In the Fiscal Year 2007, voters approved the issuance of a bond in the amount of \$25 million to be used for the District Courthouse project. This capital project fund contains the proceeds of this bond. The debt on this bond is paid with property taxes through the General Obligation Bond Debt Service Fund.

The County has the following other non-major funds that are listed on the following pages of this report. Non Major Special Revenue on pages 65 to 67, Non Major Debt Service on page 101 and Non Major Capital Project Funds on page 109.

The Fund balance, beginning of year line item for Non-Major funds on page 20 has been reclassified to include the General Obligation Bond Series 2005 fund. The beginning fund balance has been increased by \$13,098,020 from the June 30, 2006 issued financial statements.

The County has elected to have all of its enterprise funds classified as major funds. The following are the major enterprise funds.

Housing Services. This fund is used to account for the funding and expense of the County's Public Housing Authority. Revenue for this fund is derived from housing rentals and Housing and Urban Development (HUD) grants and subsidies.

Home Sales. This fund is used to account for the construction and sales of housing to eligible buyers of affordable housing.

Utilities Department. This fund is used to account for the funding and expense of the Water and Wastewater utilities of Santa Fe County.

Jail Facility. This fund is used to account for the funding and expense of the County Jail and Juvenile Facility, through charges for care of prisoners from outside jurisdictions, Juvenile Facility building rental, and General Fund transfers.

Regional Planning Authority. This fund is used to account for the funding and expense of the Regional Planning Authority, created by agreement between the City of Santa Fe and Santa Fe County.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis inconsistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Appropriations of funds unused or overspent during the fiscal year may be carried over into the next fiscal year by budgeting those amounts in the subsequent year's budget. For the June 30, 2007 actual to budget comparisons, the actual amounts are reported on the budgetary basis, which is considered to differ from the modified accrual basis for governmental fund types and accrual basis for the enterprise funds.

Differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP include the following:

- 1. The budget includes encumbrances (unperformed contracts for goods or services). GAAP does not include encumbrances.
- 2. The budget does not include certain liabilities, receivables, and depreciation expense for enterprise funds. The GAAP basis financial statements do include these transactions.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the general, special revenue, debt service, capital project and the enterprise funds. The Housing Services enterprise and special revenue budgets are also approved by HUD.

Annual Budget

Department heads and elected officials are required to complete budget request forms for each organizational unit. The Board of County Commissioners reviews the budget package and the amended budget is then adopted and approved by resolution. The Finance Department prepares the adopted budget for submission to the Local Government Division (LGD) of the Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) by June 1, for interim approval. Before July 1, DFA grants interim approval of the budget. The County's final annual budget document, which incorporates any changes recommended by DFA/LGD is prepared and submitted to DFA/LGD by July 31. During September, the County's final annual budget is reviewed and certified by DFA/LGD.

After the annual budget is adopted, the following types of adjustments must be approved by the governing body through a resolution and submitted to DFA for review and approval:

- Budget increases
- · Transfers of budget or cash between funds
- Budget decreases

Additionally, it is County policy to prepare an internal budget adjustment request form for the following:

- Transfers within organizational units (between expenditure categories)
- Transfers between organizational units (same department and same fund)

Organizational unit budgets are monitored by the Finance Department to ensure that DFA and County policy are being followed. Additionally, a mid-year budget review is conducted which may include a hearing with the County Manager, Finance Department staff, and department heads and elected officials. During the hearing, department goals and objectives and budget status are reviewed. This review may result in budget adjustments.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Annual Budget (Continued)

The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level except for the following funds, whose legal level of budgetary authority is at the program or district level:

Emergency Medical Services Fire Districts

The following funds were not budgeted in 2007:

Rancho Viejo Improvement District Fire Tax Revenue Bond Debt Service NMFA Loan Proceeds Fund

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is used for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of moneys to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, as an extension of formal budgetary integration. In Governmental Fund Types, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances in governmental funds and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

Equity in pooled cash and investments includes amounts in demand deposit accounts, money market accounts, certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury securities, and repurchase agreements secured by collateral with a market value greater than 102% of the value of the agreement. The securities are held by a third party in the County's name. The market value of the repurchase agreements approximate cost at June 30, 2007. Interest earned is allocated to the applicable County funds based on the County's policy of allocating interest to those funds which are required by law or by debt covenants. The remaining interest income is recorded in the General Fund.

State statutes authorize the County to invest excess funds in United States bonds or treasury certificates, other instruments backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government and other investments allowed by law. Money market investments with a remaining maturity of one year or less when purchased are stated at cost or amortized cost. U.S. Treasury Securities are accounted for at fair value in accordance with GASB 31.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of reporting cash flows in proprietary funds, cash and cash equivalents include equity in pooled cash and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Property Taxes Receivable

The County is responsible for assessing, collecting and distributing property taxes for its own operational and debt service purposes and for certain outside entities. Unpaid property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on November 1 and are payable in two installments not later than December 10 and May 10. Collections and remittance of property taxes are accounted for in the County Treasurer's Agency Fund. Amounts are

(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Taxes Receivable (Continued)

recognized as revenue in the applicable governmental fund types under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The property taxes receivable for the general fund and for the debt service in the governmental fund financial statements are net of an allowance for uncollectible.

Due From/To Other Funds

These receivables and payables between funds are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the government fund balance sheet. There are no interfund balances that are not expected to be repaid within one year. Balances between governmental activities and business-type activities are shown as internal balances in the government-wide financial statements.

Restricted Assets

Cash, excluding most of the general fund, is reflected as restricted. Certain proceeds from the County's bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Also, the cash in the enterprise funds is limited to their specific uses. The tenant security deposits applicable to the rental of housing units by the Housing Services enterprise fund and other Housing Services, and special revenue cash from the Department of Housing and Urban Development is restricted for its purposes.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and computer software are included in the equipment category, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Effective July 1, 2006 State law requires capitalization of capital assets greater than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. The County does not have internally developed software and has no capitalized library books. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Such assets, including infrastructure, have higher limits that must be met before they are capitalized. The County has no impaired assets.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Improvements other than buildings	25-40 years
Buildings and structures	40 years
Machinery and equipment	3-10 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Infrastructure	25-30 years

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The County elected in 2003 not to retroactively implement the capitalization of infrastructure assets. In the 2006 fiscal year there was a prior year restatement for the infrastructure. Current 2007 additions have been capitalized.

The Utilities Department consists of engineering costs and other expenses to plan and build a water system. Depreciation expense is recorded by the Utilities Department over the estimated 50 year life of the water system. The Utilities Department depreciates its office furniture, vehicles and other assets over their applicable estimated lives that range from 3 to 5 years. The Housing Services enterprise fund depreciates its fixed assets over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows: buildings – 40 years, all other assets – 5 years. The Jail Facility is being depreciated over a 40 year life and depreciates its office furniture, vehicles and other assets over their applicable estimated lives that range from 3 to 5 years. Interest expense from the bonds issued to construct the jail was capitalized as part of the construction cost.

Inventories and Assets held for Sale

Inventory items such as general supplies and parts are expended when purchased since inventories are not material to the June 30, 2007 financial statements. Assets held for sale represent low income housing units available for sale.

Compensated Absences

Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave for governmental fund types are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees, in accordance with the provisions of governmental accounting. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating sick leave benefits that are estimated, will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement, or converted to annual leave during continued employment.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are recognized as a liability in the applicable governmental activities business type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such external debt is reported in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations are accounted for in those funds. The County had no short-term debt activity for the year.

Fund Equity

The County follows GASB Statement No. 46 Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation an amendment of GASB Statement 34, which clarified the criteria of net assets restricted related to enabling legislation.

Reserves in governmental funds represent those portions of fund equity not appropriable for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources.

Reserved for subsequent years' expenditures - This represents the amounts, other than carryover expenditures, which are designated for subsequent year expenditures in accordance with grantor statues.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Equity (Continued)

This includes the amounts required by the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration for budgeted expenditures reserved to maintain adequate cash flow for contingency purposes.

<u>Unreserved – Undesignated</u> – This represents the excess of assets over liabilities of a governmental fund, which have not been reserved or designated for any purpose. These monies are available for unrestricted use by the County.

Bond Discounts and Issuance Costs

In governmental fund types, bond discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the period incurred. Bond discounts and issuance costs for proprietary funds and in the government-wide financial statements are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the debt-outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond discounts are presented as a reduction of the face amount of bonds payable, whereas issuance costs are recorded as deferred charges.

Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. These transactions are not eliminated in the government-wide financial statements.

All other interfund transactions, except reimbursements, are reported as operation transfers. Contributions to the enterprise funds by the governmental funds of fixed assets are classified as non-operating revenue.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(2) Pooled Cash and Investments

The following is a summary of pooled cash and investments at June 30, 2007:

	Governmen	t-Wide Statement	of Net Assets	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Assets	Total
Cash and Investments	\$ 33,999,179	\$ -	\$ 33,999,179	\$ -	\$ 33,999,179
Restricted Cash and Investments	\$109,287,744	\$ 18,724,088	\$ 128,011,832	\$ 2,636,937	130,648,769
Total Cash and Invo	estments				\$164,647,948

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The way that the County manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by investing in shorter term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity everily over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. Thus most of the investments have call provisions which would be exercised within one year. Investments in Federal Agency securities that mature within the next fiscal year total \$19,800,660 and the investments with maturities greater than one year but less than two years totaled \$6,468,115 at June 30, 2007. The County's investments in certificate of deposits are non-negotiable certificate of deposits which can be redeemed before maturity without loss of principal balance.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(2) Pooled Cash and Investments (Continued)

The following are securities with a scheduled maturity greater than 2 years and whose cost approximates market.

	Scheduled		
Security	Maturity	Call Date	Fair Value
Federal National Mortgage Association	09/21/09	03/21/08	\$ 2,000,000
Federal National Mortgage Association	10/08/09	01/08/08	977,683
Federal National Mortgage Association	12/18/09	12/18/07	1,997,796
Federal National Mortgage Association	12/21/09	12/21/07	2,164,567
Federal National Mortgage Association	12/28/09	12/28/07	1,000,000
Federal Home Loan Bank	01/22/10	07/22/08	1,524,631
Federal National Mortgage Association	03/22/10	11/04/07	972,451
Federal Home Loan Bank	03/28/10	10/30/07	1,607,207
Federal National Mortgage Association	03/30/10	11/04/07	684,003
Federal National Mortgage Association	04/23/10	10/23/09	1,999,716
Scheduled maturity before 6/30/2010			14,928,054
Federal National Mortgage Association	10/11/11	01/11/08	2,543,502
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	12/05/11	12/05/07	2,918,542
Scheduled maturity before 6/30/2012			5,462,044
Federal Home Loan Bank	07/09/13	01/09/08	1,761,988
Scheduled maturity before 6/30/2013			1,761,988
			\$22,152,086

The County follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for some of the debt service funds and certain other funds. Each fund's portion of total cash and investments is reflected in the balance sheet as equity in pooled cash and investments.

Pooled cash and investments held by the County include cash on deposit with financial institutions, money market accounts, certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, federal agencies, treasury notes and treasury bills and mutual funds invested in government securities. The County investments comply with State law. Deposits are secured by both federal depository insurance and collateral pledged in the County's name held by a third party. Under New Mexico law, all deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized in an amount not less than 50% of the uninsured balance. Market values of all cash, deposits and investments with a maturity of one year or less at the time of the purchase approximate the cost of those assets.

The County did not participate in any reverse repurchase agreements or security lending agreements during the current fiscal year. The County also has no deposits or investments exposed to foreign currency risk.

All of the County's investments are insured, registered and the County's agent holds the securities in the County's name, therefore the County is not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(2) <u>Pooled Cash and Investments (Continued)</u>

Investments in securities of any individual issues, other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, local government investment pool, that represent 5% or more of the total government-wide investments at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

	Investment Type	<u>Amount</u>	% of Investments
Governmental Activities	FNMA Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association FHLB Securities	\$16,720,189 24,607,205 7,093,467	12% 18% <u>5%</u>
	Total Federal agencies	48,420,861	35%
	Repurchase agreements	139,094,622	<u> 7%</u>
Business-type Activities	None over 5%		-

Investments in securities of any individual issuers, other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, local government investment pool that represent five percent of the total investments by individual funds are as follow:

		<u>Amount</u>	% of Investments
Jail Facility	Repurchase agreement	<u>\$2,249,600</u>	100%
2005 GO Bond Proceeds	Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association FNMA Securities	3,387,234 _2,380,471	59% 41%
	Total Federal agencies	<u>5,767,705</u>	100%
Sheriff's Facility Bond Reserve	Repurchase agreement	425,905	100%

The carrying amounts of the County's deposits at financial institutions as of June 30, 2007, were \$24,840,527. Bank balances before reconciling items were \$29,038,564 at June 30, 2007. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be recovered. Under New Mexico law, all deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized in an amount not less than 50% of the uninsured balance. The County is exposed to custodial risk of \$7,350 because deposits are uninsured and uncollateralized (See page 137) for the detailed schedule.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(2) Pooled Cash and Investments (Continued)

Credit risk for investments is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by Standard and Poors, a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

	Credit Quality <u>Ratings</u>	Carrying <u>Amount</u>
Petty cash and change funds	Not applicable	\$ 2,739
Total deposits	Not rated	24,840,527
Local government investment pool – invested by the State of New Mexico Office of the State		
Treasurer for the County, recorded at cost	27 / 1	06 (60 740
in accordance with GASB31	Not rated	85,659,749
Cash held by NM Finance Authority which is on deposit With the State Treasurer	Not rated	4,849
Repurchase agreements	Not rated	9,562,015
Federal Agency Securities	AAA	38,087,905
U.S. Treasury bills	Not applicable	1,457,172
U.S. Treasury cash reserves mutual fund accounts	Not applicable	5,032,992
Total investments		54,144,933
Total – all County deposits and investments		\$ 164,647,948
Amounts per financial statements:		
Agency funds equity in pooled cash and investments		\$ 2,636,937
Governmental Funds equity in pooled cash and investments -unrestricted		33,999,179
Governmental Funds equity in pooled cash and investments		109,287,774
-restricted		
Enterprise Funds equity in pooled cash and investments		18,724,088
		\$164,647,948

The County's investments are held by agents of the County in the County's name. Repurchase agreements are collateralized in accordance with state law with securities issued by the U.S. Treasury or fully guaranteed as to payment by an agency of the U.S. government, and are secured with collateral held by third parties in the name of the County at a value of 102% of the repurchase agreement.

Market value is based on quoted market prices at year-end, costs approximate market value. Total investment income for the County for the year ended June 30, 2007 was \$6,141,771.

The State Treasurer Local Government Investment Pool is not SEC registered. Section 6-10-10 I, NMSA 1978 empowers the State Treasurer, with the advice and consent of the State Board of Finance, to invest money held in the short-term investment fund in securities that are issued by the United States government or by its departments or agencies and are issued by the United States government or by its departments or agencies and are either direct obligations of the United States or are backed by the full faiths and credit of the United States government or are agencies sponsored by the United States government that have AAA credit quality ratings. The Local Government Investment Pool investments are monitored by the same investment committee and the same policies and procedures that apply to all other state

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(2) Pooled Cash and Investments (Continued)

investments. The weighted average maturity at June 30, 2007 was 38 days, which reduces the pool's interest rate risk.

The pool does not have unit shares. Per Section 6-10-10.1F, NMSA 1978, at the end of each month all interest earned is distributed by the State Treasurer to contributing entities in amounts directly proportionate to the respective amounts deposited in the fund and the length of time the fund amounts were invested. Participation in the local government investment pool is voluntary.

(3) Interfund Assets and Liabilities

The Interfund Assets and Liabilities reported in the governmental fund balance sheet consist of the following.

	<u>Receivables</u>	<u>Payables</u>
General	\$ 1,949,727	<u> </u>
Non Major Special Revenue Funds:		
Corrections		52,983
CFP Program	-	487,432
Alcohol Programs	-	31,762
Santa Fe River	-	49,444
Total Special Revenue Funds	-	621,621
Non Major Debt Service Funds:		
Fire Tax Revenue Bonds	5,719	
Total Debt Service Funds	5,719	-
Non Major Capital Projects Funds:		
State Special Appropriations	-	1,313,401
Community Development Block Grants (CDBG)	-	14,705
Bond Proceeds - Fire Tax		5,719
Total Capital Projects Funds	-	1,333,825
Total County	\$ 1,955,446	\$ 1,955,446

All of the interfund receivables and payables are between the general fund and the other funds except for the \$5,719 interfund balance between the Fire Tax Revenue Bonds and Bond Proceeds – Fire Tax Funds, and are expected to be repaid within the next Fiscal Year.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(3) Interfund Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

Interfund Transactions

The County records transfers to fund the operations and projects of other funds to provide debt service and as otherwise needed and required.

Transfers in (from other Transfers out funds) (to other funds)

funds)	(fo o	(to other funds)															
									Major Funds		:						
			ç î		Capital Outlay					Regional		<i>\(\)</i>	General Obligation	i	:		
		General	EMS and Health Care		Gross Keceipts Tax	Housing		Utilities Department	Jail Facility	Planning Authority	Home Sales		Bond Series 2005	Other Se	Other Non-Major Governmental	Ļ	Total
General	ß	l	s		\$	64	 -	ı	65	8	ر ا د	 		60	981.567	ر د	981.567
EMS and Health Care		1			•			1	1		•	•	•				•
Captial Outlay Gross																	
Receipts Tax		r		,	•			•	•				•		24,866		24,866
Housing Services		•		,	•			,	•				1		40,000		40,000
Utilities Department		,		,	1			•	•		•		1		304,484	ťη	304,484
Jail Facility		6,441,936						•	•		,		•		4,750,000	11,1	1,191,936
Regional Planning																•	
Authority		ı			1			1	•			1	•		1		1
Home Sales		ŗ		,	1		ı	ı	•			ı	•		,		
General Obligation Bond																	
Series 2005		1			•			•	•				•		61,000		61,000
Other Non-Major																	
Governmental		2,436,438	125,000	8	600,000		۱ ا	,	1			•	•		418,154	3,5	3,579,592
Tota	Total \$	8,878,374	8,878,374 \$ 125,000 \$	8 8	\$ 600,000	69	4		so.	6-9	\$	<u>د</u> ې -	-	69	\$ 6,580,071 \$ 16,183,445	\$ 16,1	183,445

Also, the Environmental Revenue Bond Fund transferred a total of \$800,000 to the General Fund (\$670,352), and the Utilities Department Fund (\$129,648), for solid waste costs. The Jail Facility Significant transfers from the General Fund included transfers totaling \$6,441,936 for the operation of the Jail Facility and \$1,738,903 to the Road Fund for road maintenance and road projects. also received \$4,500,000 from the Corrections GRT Fund and \$250,000 from the Corrections Fee Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(3) Interfund Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

Transfers from the governmental activities to the business type activities consist of transfers and contributed capital from the governmental funds to the business type funds in the government-wide financial statements, and consist of the following:

Transfers in	\$ 4,647,026
Transfers out	(16,183,445)
Contributed capital	(965,160)
Transfers per page 17	\$(12,501,579)

(4) Capital Assets

The changes in Capital Assets for the year ended June 30, 2007 are as follows:

	June 30, 2006		Additions &			June 30, 2007	
Governmental activities:		Balance	transfers	I	Deletions	Balance	
Non depreciable assets:							
Land	\$	18,879,790	\$ 2,161,023	\$		\$ 21,040,813	
Right of way land		5,465,283	-		-	5,465,283	
Assets being depreciated			•				
Buildings and improvement		36,678,456	7,648,657		-	44,327,113	
Infrastructure		36,031,123	175,941		-	36,207,064	
Equipment and vehicles		35,736,816	3,140,415		(604,530)	38,272,701	
Furniture and fixtures		792,187	156,942			949,129	
		133,583,655	13,282,978		(604,530)	146,262,103	
Accumulated depreciation			,				
Buildings and improvement		(17,677,405)	(1,108,178)		-	(18,785,583)	
Infrastructure		(11,675,093)	(1,448,283)		-	(13,123,376)	
Equipment and vehicles		(36,822,400)	(7,654,540)		590,666	(43,886,274)	
Furniture and fixtures		(1,022,352)	(189,826)			(1,212,178)	
Total accumulated							
depreciation		(67,197,250)	(10,400,827)		590,666	(77,007,411)	
Governmental activities							
capital assets, net	\$	66,386,405	\$ 2,882,151	\$	(13,864)	\$ 69,254,692	

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions of the County:

Governmental activities		
General government	\$	4,321,544
Public Safety		3,276,261
Health and Welfare		566,845
Culture and recreation		81,126
Highways and streets		2,155,051
Total depreciation expense	\$	10,400,827
	***************************************	45

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(4) Capital Assets (Continued)

The following is a summary of proprietary funds capital assets at June 30, 2007:

Business-type activities:	Jì	ine 30, 2006 Balance		Additions	I	Deletions	Jı	une 30, 2007 Balance
Housing Services							********	
Land	\$	621,465	\$	-	\$	(9,870)	\$	611,595
Assets being depreciated								
Equipment and vehicles		450,033		19,174		(27,308)		441,899
Buildings and								
improvements		6,293,764				(196,498)		6,097,266
		7,365,262		19,174		(233,676)		7,150,760
Less: Accumulated depreciation								
Equipment and vehicles		(434,226)		(88,380)		27,308		(495,298)
Buildings and improvements		(3,247,771)		(152,432)		70,739		(3,329,464)
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,681,997)		(240,812)		98,047		(3,824,762)
Net fixed assets	_\$_	3,683,265	\$	(221,638)	\$	(135,629)	\$	3,325,998
Utilities Department								
Land	\$	1,347,625	\$	-	\$		\$	1,347,625
Assets being depreciated								
Water system		7,668,715		1,393,230		-		9,061,945
Office equipment, furniture and								
vehicle		401,614		31,178		-		432,792
		9,417,954		1,424,408		-		10,842,362
Less: Accumulated depreciation								3.00
Water system		(1,396,992)		(166,336)		-		(1,563,328)
Office equipment, furniture and		, , , , ,						
vehicle		(143,416)		(86,558)		•		(229,974)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,540,408)		(252,894)				(1,793,302)
Net fixed assets	\$	7,877,546	\$	1,171,514	\$	_	\$	9,049,060
Jail Facility	2		-					
Land	\$	126,781	\$	-	\$	-	\$	126,781
Assets being depreciated		·						·
Jail facility		27,232,701		23,539		-		27,256,240
Office equipment and furniture		1,768,915		481,985		(83,312)		2,167,588
Vehicles		324,610		126,755		(61,852)		389,513
		29,453,007		632,279		(145,164)		29,940,122
Less: Accumulated depreciation		······································					•••••	
Jail facility		(5,419,381)		(681,406)		-		(6,100,787)
Office equipment and furniture		(899,152)		(364,118)		82,630		(1,180,640)
Vehicles		(210,481)		(77,903)		61,852		(226,532)
Total accumulated depreciation		(6,529,014)		(1,123,427)	_	144,482		(7,507,959)
Business-type activites								
Net fixed assets	\$	22,923,993	\$	(491,148)	\$	(682)	\$	22,432,163

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(4) Capital Assets (Continued)

	June 30, 2006 Balance		Additions		Deletions and transfers		June 30, 2007 Balance	
Regional Planning Authority Equipment and machinery	\$	6,015	\$	1,635	\$		\$	7,650
Less: Accumulated depreciation Equipment and machinery		(2,265)		(1,530)		-		(3,795)
Total accumulated depreciation		(2,265)		(1,530)		<u> </u>		(3,795)
Net fixed assets	\$	3,750	\$	105	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3,855

Depreciation expense was \$240,812 for Housing Services, \$252,894 for the Utilities Department, \$1,123,427 for the Jail Facility and \$1,530 for the Regional Planning Authority for the year ended June 30, 2007, respectively.

(5) Receivables Notes and Mortgage Receivables

The following is a summary of receivables for the government wide financial statements at June 30, 2007.

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	
Accounts		2,791,710	\$	4,985,510
Taxes				
Property		3,823,698		-
Gross receipts		6,482,110		-
Other		280,063		-
Interest		846,006		65,583
Grantor and other		6,703,723		_
		20,927,310		5,051,093
Allowance for uncollectible	(1,838,536)			(2,026,799)
	\$	19,088,774		3,024,294
Mortgage receivables	\$	10,261,781	\$	232,287

The County does not have an allowance on mortgages since the mortgages are secured by real estate and are considered fully collectable. The County has not incurred any losses associated with its mortgage receivables.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(6) Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of long-term obligations of the County for the year ended June 30, 2007:

	June 30, 2006 Balance	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2007 Balance	Due within one year
Governmental Activities					
General obligation and gross					
receipts bonds	\$ 61,298,998	\$ 25,000,000	\$ (6,870,000)	\$ 79,428,998	\$ 7,055,000
Landfill closure and postclosure					
care costs	2,013,342	-	(13,284)	2,000,058	-
Capital lease obligations	121,485	-	-	121,485	23,683
Compensated absences	2,220,342	1,792,964	(1,433,658)	2,579,648	2,579,648
Bonds payable issued via NMFA	846,332	-	(273,684)	572,648	16,784
Componet Unit - Rancho Viejo					
Improvement District	1,815,000	-	(35,000)	1,780,000	35,000
Total Debt	68,315,499	26,792,964	(8,625,626)	86,482,837	9,710,115
Plus Bond Premium	110,911	33,237	(13,036)	131,112	13,729
Less deferred amounts					
on refunding	(100,120)	-	11,000	(89,120)	11,000
Deferred issuance costs	(153,408)	(90,646)	14,927	(229,127)	16,815
Total Debt Net	\$ 68,172,882	\$ 26,735,555	\$ (8,612,735)	\$ 86,295,702	\$ 9,751,659

The governmental funds, primarily the general fund, has paid for compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2007.

	June 30, 2006 Balance	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2007 Balance	Due within one year
Business Type HUD notes payable HUD interest payable Jail facility	\$ 5,061,942 5,446,114 27,045,000	\$ - 256,148 -	\$ (113,499) - (735,000)	\$ 4,948,443 5,702,262 26,310,000	\$ 121,011 - 775,000
	\$ 37,553,056	\$ 256,148	\$ (848,499)	\$ 36,960,705	\$ 896,011

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(6) Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

General obligation and gross receipts bonds consist of the following issues:

Proceeds from prior years' general obligation bonds have been used for capital projects, open space, refunding, road improvements and a regional landfill and are payable from the County's collection of property taxes. Debt service payments are made by the debt service funds.

Date Issuod	Interest Rate	Final Maturity Date	Original Bond Amount	June 30, 2007 Balance	Due within one year
February 1, 1997	4.1-5.7%	2027	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 4,950,000	\$ 145,000
June 15, 1999	4.5-7.0%	2018	12,000,000	11,820,000	470,000
June 15, 1999	3.7-4.4%	2007	4,310,000	675,000	675,000
May 1, 2001	4.4-5.5%	2018	8,500,000	6,110,000	640,000
November 1, 2001	4.0-4.625%	2017	8,000,000	5,895,000	480,000
June 13, 2003	1.18-2.80%	2008	2,293,998	728,998	395,000
August 18, 2005	3.25-4.192%	2016	8,490,000	8,400,000	450,000
October 31, 2005	4.0%-5.5%	2026	20,000,000	15,850,000	3,400,000
March 8, 2007	4.0%-5.0%	2027	25,000,000	25,000,000	400,000
			\$ 94,593,998	\$ 79,428,998	\$ 7,055,000

During 2007, the County issued \$25,000,000 of General Obligation Bonds secured by the County's property tax revenue to provide funds for the construction of the Judicial Building. The interest rates range from 4.0% - 5.0% with the final bond payments due July 1, 2026.

During October 2005, the County issued \$20,000,000 of General Obligation Bonds secured by property tax revenue to provide funds for various road projects, equipment, water rights and water improvement projects as specified by the bond agreement. The interest rates range from 4.0% to 5.5% with the final bond payments due July 1, 2026.

On August 18, 2005, the County issued \$8,490,000 in General Obligation Bonds Series 2005 with an average interest rate of 3.6 percent to advance refund \$8,380,000 of outstanding 1997 Series bonds with an average interest rate of 5.2 percent. The net proceeds of \$8,520,145 (after payment of \$82,010 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$35,964 of 1997 Debt Service funds were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1997 Series bonds. As a result, these 1997 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide statement of net assets.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debts of \$110,000. This difference of \$89,120 at June 30, 2007, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through the year 2016 using the effective-interest method. The County completed the advance refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over the next ten years by \$724,935 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of approximately \$255,000.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(6) Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

During 2006 the County issued \$888,889 of bonds via the NM Finance Authority for acquiring real property secured by the County's gross receipts taxes. \$88,889 of the bond proceeds were set aside for debt service.

Date <u>Issued</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	Final Maturity <u>Date</u>	Original Bond <u>Amount</u>	June 30, 2007 <u>Balance</u>	Due within One year
May 1, 2006	2.64-2.99%	2009	\$ 888,889	<u>\$ 572,648</u>	<u>\$ 281,915</u>

Scheduled maturities of general obligation, gross receipts and bonds payable issued through the NMFA are as follows for the years subsequent to June 30, 2007:

Years Ending	Principal	Interest
2008	\$ 7,336,915	\$ 3,349,164
2009	6,734,731	3,180,152
2010	4,085,000	2,941,242
2011	3,980,000	2,770,161
2012	3,890,000	2,605,627
2013-2017	21,555,000	10,485,459
2018-2022	11,640,000	6,332,400
2023-2027	20,780,000	3,356,125
	\$ 80,001,646	\$ 35,020,330

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(6) Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Capitalized Lease Obligations

The County is obligated under the following leases accounted for on capital leases:

State Board of Finance, payable annually at \$5,350, Interest free. Secured by voting machines with final payment due December 2012 State Board of Finance, payable annually at \$7,133,	\$ 26,750
Interest free. Secured by voting machines with final payment due December 2013	49,933
State Board of Finance, payable annually at \$11,200,	,
Interest free. Secured by voting machines with final payment	44.000
due December 2010	 44,800
	\$ 121,483
Year Ending	
2008	\$ 23,683
2009	23,683
2010	23,683
2011	23,683
2012	12,483
2013-2014	 14,268
	\$ 121,483

On July 18, 2006, the Board of Finance granted a one year moratorium on Voting Machine Revolving Fund Loan payments due to the passing of Senate Bill 295.

Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

The County follows GASB Statement No. 18, which requires that the current cost of landfill closure and postclosure care be recognized over the estimated life of the landfill.

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on the County-operated landfill when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be incurred after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports these closure and postclosure care costs as a liability as of each balance sheet date. The County closed the landfill during fiscal year 1997. The \$2,000,058 reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability at June 30, 2007 represents managements' estimate based on an expert hired to estimate the costs for standard monitoring and compliance to 2027. Annual ground water monitoring has demonstrated the County is in compliance with ground

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(6) Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost (Continued)

water contamination. The County is required to perform monitoring of the ground water every five years. The County estimates it will not expend any significant monies for postclosure costs in the next fiscal year. Current year expenditures of \$13,284 were paid by the General Fund. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in fiscal 2007. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

Compensated Absences

A long-term liability amounting to \$2,579,648 at June 30, 2007 has been recorded representing the County's commitment to fund compensated absences from future operations. Vacation, compensating time and sick leave earned is cumulative; however, vacation time is limited to 240 hours that can be carried forward to the next calendar year. Excess time up to eighty hours can be sold back to the County if sufficient funding is available every January. Sick leave accumulated in excess of 240 hours is payable to employees at a rate equal to 50 percent of their hourly rate upon retirement. Employees can earn a maximum of 45 hours of compensatory time.

Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the County defeased the 1990 Facilities Project Revenue Bonds by placing proceeds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments for these bonds. Also in 2006, the County defeased \$8,380,000 of the 1997 bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. On June 30, 2007, \$1,453,000 of the 1990 bonds and \$7,980,000 of the 1997 bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Rancho Viejo Improvement District Bonds

The County issued \$1,950,000 of 7.25% Rancho Viejo Improvement District Bonds during the 2000 fiscal year to provide assistance in the development of land within Rancho Viejo Improvement District (District). These bonds are secured by a ten dollar per one thousand dollars of net taxable value within the District.

Proceeds were used for the water system and roads which had been donated to the County. Any remaining funds from the assessments from the property owners revert to the County after the debt is paid off. Effective July 1, 2003 because of the implementation of GASB 39, the District is a component unit of the County and the debt service activity and corresponding debt is included in the County's financial statements. The following is the debt service requirement for these bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(6) Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Rancho Viejo Improvement District Bonds (Continued)

Years Ending	<u>P</u>	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		Total Debt <u>Service</u>
2008	\$	35,000	\$	129,050	\$	164,050
2009		40,000		126,512		166,512
2010		40,000		123,612		163,612
2011		45,000		120,712		165,712
2012		45,000		117,450		162,450
2013-2017		285,000		532,150		817,150
2018-2022		405,000		413,250		818,250
2023-2027		585,000		242,150		827,150
2028-2029		300,000		32,988		332,988
	\$	1,780,000	\$	1,837,874	_\$_	3,617,874

Notes Payable - (Housing Services Enterprise Fund)

The Housing Services Enterprise Fund has the following notes payable due to the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The long-term debt at June 30, 2007 was as follows:

Notes payable issued on December 10, 1982 for \$2,677,358 at 6.6% interest. Annual payments of \$201,717 due on November 1 with a maturity date of November 1, 2014.	
Payments of principal and interest are made by or	
forgiven by HUD on the Housing Authority's behalf	\$ 1,223,169
Other notes payable to HUD at various interest rates and terms	3,725,274
Total long-term debt	4,948,443
Less: current portion	121,011
Total long-term portion	<u>\$ 4,827,432</u>

No payments are being made on the other notes payable to HUD. The remaining debt and related interest is expected to be forgiven by HUD in the future.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(6) Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Notes Payable - (Housing Services Enterprise Fund) (Continued)

The aggregate maturities of the Housing Services long-term debt at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

	Principal
Years Ending	Amount Payable
2008	\$ 121,011
2009	129,020
2010	137,029
2011	145,038
2012	153,047
2013-2017	524,732
2018-thereafter	3,738,566
Total	\$ 4,948,443

Correctional System Revenue Bonds (Jail Facility Enterprise Fund)

During February 1997, the County issued \$30,000,000 of Correctional System Revenue Bonds. The County has used a substantial portion of the proceeds to construct a new adult detention facility in Santa Fe County. A portion of the proceeds may also be used to renovate the existing County detention facility into a juvenile facility. At June 30, 2007, interest rates range from 4.7% to 6.0%. The bonds are secured by the jail facility and income derived from the jail facility.

The maturities of the jail facility's long-term debt at June 30, 2007, is as follows:

Years Ending	<u>P</u>	Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>	
2008	\$	775,000	\$	1,474,540	\$	2,249,540	
2009		810,000		1,435,790		2,245,790	
2010		850,000		1,394,480		2,244,480	
2011		895,000		1,350,280		2,245,280	
2012		945,000		1,303,740		2,248,740	
2013-2017		5,485,000		5,751,000		11,236,000	
2018-2022		7,085,000		4,150,450		11,235,450	
2023-2028		9,465,000		1,769,700		11,234,700	
	\$ 2	6,310,000	\$	18,629,980	\$	44,939,980	

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(6) <u>Long-Term Obligations (Continued)</u>

Conduit Debt Obligations

The County has issued Project Revenue Bonds to provide assistance for the El Castillo Retirement Residences Project. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. The County is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

As of June 30, 2007, there were two series of Project Revenue Bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$14,325,000.

The County issued \$3,000,000 multi-family Housing Revenue Bonds in August 1998 to provide assistance for the construction of the Villa Grande Apartments. The bonds are secured by the revenues and mortgage of the property. The County is not obligated in any manner for repayment of these bonds. Accordingly, these bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. At June 30, 2007 the amount of bonds outstanding were \$2,990,000.

Total conduit debt outstanding at June 30, 2007 was \$17,315,000.

(7) Retirement, Health and Deferred Compensation Plans

PERA Retirement Plan

Substantially all of the County's full-time employees participate in a public employee retirement system authorized under the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11 NMSA 1978). The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) is the administrator of the plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability benefits, survivor benefits and cost-of-living adjustments to plan members and beneficiaries. PERA issues a separate, publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to PERA, P.O. Box 2123, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87504-2123.

Covered employees are required under the current plan to contribute 3.2875% of their gross salary for general member coverage in accordance with Municipal Division - General Coverage Plan 3, and 3.09% for police member coverage in accordance with Police Coverage Plan 4. The County is required by state statute to contribute the following percentages in accordance with the respective plans above: 19.0125% for general member coverage, and 27.76% for police member coverage. The contribution requirements may be amended by acts of the legislature.

The County contribution requirements for the years ended June 30, 2007, 2006 and 2005 were \$ 5,950,620, \$5,310,887 and \$4,114,267, respectively. The contributions were the required amounts from the County and employees.

The County has no other post employment pension plans.

Retiree Health Care Act Contributions

The Retiree Health Care Act (10-7C-1 to 10-7C-16 NMSA 1978) provides comprehensive core group health insurance for persons who have retired from certain public service in New Mexico. The purpose is to provide eligible retirees, their spouses, dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance consisting of a plan, or optional plans, of benefits that can be purchased by funds flowing into the Retiree Health Care Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(7) Retirement, Health and Deferred Compensation Plans (Continued)

Retiree Health Care Act Contributions (Continued)

Monies flow to the Retiree Health Care Fund on a pay-as-you-go basis from eligible employers and eligible retirees. Eligible employers are institutions of higher education, school districts, or other entities participating in the Public School Insurance Authority and state agencies, state courts, magistrate courts, municipalities or counties, which are affiliated under or covered by the Educational Volunteer Retirement Act, the Magistrate Retirement Act, or the Public Employees Retirement Act.

Eligible retirees are: (1) Retirees who make contributions to the fund for at least five years prior to retirement and whose eligible employer during that period of time made contributions as a participant in the Retiree Health Care Act on the person's behalf unless that person retires on or before July 1, 1995, in which event the time period required for employee and employer contributions shall become the period of time between July 1, 1990 and the date of retirement; or (2) retirees defined by the Act who retired prior to July 1, 1990; and former legislators who served at least two years.

Each participating employer makes contributions to the fund in the amount of 1.30 percent of each participating employee's annual salary. Each participating employee contributes to the fund an employee contribution in an amount equal to 0.65 of one percent of the employee's annual salary. Each participating retiree pays a monthly premium for the basic single plan and an additional participation fee of five dollars (\$5) if eligible participant retired prior to July 1, 1990 and made no contributions to the plan. Participants may also enroll in optional plans of coverage.

Contributions from participating employers and participating employees become the property of the Retiree Health Care Fund and are not refundable under any circumstances, including termination of employment or termination of the participating employer's operation or participation in the Retiree Health Care Act. The employer, employee and retiree contributions are required to be remitted to the Retiree Health Care Authority on a monthly basis.

The Retiree Health Care Authority issues a separate, publicly available audited financial report that includes post employment benefit expenditures of premiums and claims paid, participant contributions (employer, employee and retiree) and net expenditures for the fiscal year. The report also includes the approximate number of retirees participating in the plan. That report may be obtained by writing to the Retiree Health Care Authority, 4308 Carlisle Blvd. NE Suite 104, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87107.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the County remitted \$341,186 in employer contributions and \$170,593 in employee contributions to the Retiree Health Care Authority.

(8) Fund Balance and Net Assets (Deficits)

The following funds had fund balance deficits at June 30, 2007:

Enterprise Funds

The Housing Services enterprise fund has a net assets deficit of \$(5,325,847) at June 30, 2007. The deficit is mainly a result of recording depreciation expense and accruing interest expense on notes payable balances which management believes the Department of Housing and Urban Development will forgive.

Special Revenue Funds

The CFP program has a fund balance deficit of \$(81,040) which will be funded by the General Fund in the next fiscal year. The Corrections Fund has a fund balance deficit of \$(83,427) which should be resolved in the next fiscal year with future revenues. The Community Development Block Grant has a fund balance deficit of \$(10,160).

(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(8) Fund Balance and Net Assets (Deficits) (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

The unreserved, undesignated fund balance (deficit) is the component of fund balances that represents the portion of the encumbrances which have not been billed to the applicable funding source.

(9) Applicable Segment Information

Housing Services - Accounts receivable

The aging of accounts receivable as of June 30, 2007 is as follows:

Current (0-60 days) Past due (more than 61 days)	\$ 67,048 <u>138,537</u>
	205,585
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	(148,959)
	\$ 56,626

Housing Services has \$66,703 in tenant deposits that are deposited in Housing Services' general cash account. Housing Services has \$94,411 in Family Self Services Escrow deposits that are deposited in a separate bank account at First Community Bank and are accounted for in the Section Eight special revenue fund and the liabilities are included in deposits held for others.

(10) Commitments and Contingencies

The County receives funds from federal and state agencies. These funds are subject to audit and adjustment to the granting agency. Any disallowed amounts resulting from these audits would be required to be refunded. The County believes that the amounts, if any, that would be refunded would not have a material effect on the County's financial position at June 30, 2007.

Joint Powers Agreements

Santa Fe Solid Waste Management Agency – Under authorization of the New Mexico State Statute 11-1-1, the County of Santa Fe joined the City of Santa Fe to jointly undertake their powers to dispose of solid waste as mandated by state and federal regulations and provide a more efficient and cost-effective method of solid waste disposal to the County and City citizens.

The County and the City established the Santa Fe Solid Waste Management Agency (Agency) through a Joint Powers Agreement in February 1995, as a public entity separate from the County or the City. The agreement delegated to the Agency the power to plan for, operate, construct, maintain, repair, replace, or expand the facility. The County Commission and the City Council approve the annual budget. The Agency has the authority to adopt revenue bond ordinances so long as such an ordinance is duly ratified by the governing bodies of the County and the City. A five member staff advisory committee was established by the agreement and is comprised of the finance directors from the County and the City, the County public works department director, the City utilities department director and the Agency director. A five member citizens' advisory committee was also established. The Agency is charged to comply with all laws, rules and regulations for operations under the permit issued from the New Mexico Environment Department. The Board of Directors for the Agency consists of four members who are appointed by the Board of County Commissioners

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(10) Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

and four members who are appointed by the City Mayor with the approval of the City Council. The Board meets at least quarterly.

The start-up costs, design, land acquisition and construction were funded by equal contributions from the County and City. The contributions and commitments from each entity to date is approximately \$5.8 million. The County did not contribute any funds to the Agency in the 2007 fiscal year. A final reconciliation has been done to ensure costs have been split equally between the County and City. The facility opened in May of 1997.

The facility is to be self-supporting for operations, equipment, future construction, debt service, accumulation of a reserve fund and all other costs through fees charged to the County, the City, and other private users. The land for the facility was purchased by the County and transferred to the Agency. The facility itself belongs to the Agency. The Agency has adopted its rate ordinance for use of the facility. If, for any reason, revenues are insufficient to pay costs of operations, the Agency Board must notify the County and City in order to negotiate steps that are reasonable and prudent in light of existing circumstances to ensure that any deficits accumulated or incurred by the Agency are not allowed to impair the operation, integrity or credit worthiness of the Agency. A bond issue was authorized in December 1996, by the Agency in the amount of \$6,260,000 to provide funds for the equipment required for the facility and the construction of the second landfill cell.

The Agency has its own financial statements as a separate entity, audited on an annual basis. Complete financial statements for the Agency may be obtained at the Santa Fe Solid Waste Management Agency, 165 Caja Del Rio Road, Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502-6189.

Closure of the facility must be approved by the governing bodies of the County and City. Upon closure and sale of the facility, any proceeds remaining after settling all obligations will be split equally between the County and City.

Regional Emergency Communications Center District – Under the authorization of the New Mexico State Statue 11-1-1 through 11-1-7 and pursuant to the New Mexico Enhanced 911 Act 63-9D-41, the County and the City of Santa Fe have jointly undertaken their powers to operate and manage the Regional Emergency Communications Center District (RECC) to provide a more efficient and cost-effective method of providing centralized emergency enhanced 911 dispatch services to the region. The RECC was established as of July 1, 2002 as a public entity separate from the City or County. The Board of Directors consist of the City Manger, the City Police Chief, the City Fire chief, the County Manager, the County Sheriff, the County Fire Chief, and one member appointed by the City and County Managers to represent the community at-large. The operations physically lease space in a County facility. The salaries for the Director, the ITT Manager, and the initial equipment are shared equally by the City and County. The City provides funding for 69% of the expenses and the County provides 31%, an allocation which is reviewed annually to be based on the number of calls received from each jurisdiction. During the fiscal year neither the County nor the City had to contribute to a contingency reserve. Current year fiscal costs were \$470,551.

The RECC Agency has its own financial statements as a separate entity, audited on an annual basis. The City serves as the fiscal agent. Complete financial statements for the Agency may be obtained at the Regional Emergency Communications Center, South Highway 14, No. 35 Camino Justicia, Santa Fe, NM 87508.

In July 2007, the County accepted all responsibility for operations and management of the Regional Emergency Communications Center District (RECC). In 2008 financial statements, the RECC will be shown in the County's financial statements as a component unit.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(10) Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Joint Powers Agreements (Continued)

The City of Santa Fe and the County have established a joint powers agreement for the Buckman Direct Diversion (BDD) water project. The BDD, estimated at \$160-170 million, will be the largest, single capital project for which the two local governments address meeting the current and future needs of an adequate water supply within the area. The Buckman Surface Diversion will provide full access to the San Juan/Chama water rights and/or other native Rio Grande water rights currently held by the City and County. The proposed system will route Rio Grande surface water directly from the river through a conveyance system to a new water treatment facility where water will be conveyed to the various users. Costs incurred to date have been recorded to the Utilities Department enterprise fund as additions to water rights and the water system. There were no current fiscal year costs capitalized.

The County and the City of Espanola, County of Los Alamos, Pueblo of Nambe, Pueblo of Pojoaque, County of Rio Arriba, Pueblo of San Ildefonso, Pueblo of San Juan, Pueblo of Santa Clara, City of Santa Fe, and Pueblo of Tesuque have entered into an intergovernmental contract to create the North Central Regional Transit District (District) under the Regional Transit District Act, Chapter 13, Article 25, Sections 1-18, NMSA 1978. The purpose of the District is to finance, construct, operate, maintain and promote an efficient, sustainable and regional multi-modal transportation system. The District was created as a public entity separate from the cities, counties and pueblos. The original boundaries consist of Governmental Units located within or containing the boundaries of Los Alamos, Rio Arriba or Santa Fe Counties. The Board of Directors consists of one director from each District and will serve without compensation. During the fiscal year 2007, the County entered into a contract with the District to provide \$13,600 in funding towards a six-month demonstration of the Eldorado Shuttle Bus Transit Service.

Insurance

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The County belongs to the New Mexico County Insurance Authority (NMCIA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its member counties. The County pays an annual premium to NMCIA for all of its general and workers' compensation insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the NMCIA provides that NMCIA will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of amounts that range from \$150,000 for property to \$300,000 for other liability claims.

Legal Proceedings

The County is subject to various legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of the County's operations. In the opinion of the County's management, the ultimate resolution of the matters will not have a material adverse impact on the financial position or results of operations of the County.

Operating Leases

The County leases land and various equipment under operating leases. Leases are subject to future appropriation and, as such, cancelable by the County at the end of a fiscal year. Rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2007 was \$987,569.

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

(10) Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Operating Leases (Continued)

The future minimum lease payments under operating leases for the County is as follows:

Years ending June 30,

2008	\$ 5	54,739
2009	4	28,199
2010	2	264,760
2011	1	.04,874
2012		72,918
2013-2017	4	106,855
2018-2022	<u> </u>	12,497
2023-2027	3	45,515
2028-2031	3	55,587
	\$3(145.944

(11) Accounting Standard Pronouncements

GASB issued Statement 45 "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions," which is effective for the County's fiscal year ending June 30, 2008. The County belongs to the Retiree Health Care Authority and makes contributions based on state law. In November 2006, GASB issued Statement 49 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations," which is effective for the County's fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. In May 2007, GASB issued Statement 50 "Pension Disclosures – an amendment of GASB Statements 25 and 27," which is effective for the County's fiscal year ending June 30, 2008. In June 2007, GASB issued Statement 51 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets," which is effective for the County's fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. Also, GASB issued Statement 48, "Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues" which is effective for the County's 2008 fiscal year. The County has not assessed the future impact on its financial statements due to these GASB pronouncements.

(12) Subsequent Event

In October 2007, the County issued \$20,000,000 in Series 2007B General Obligation Bonds to pay for water and road infrastructure. Payments will be made January 1 and July 1, beginning on July 1, 2008 with an interest rate range of 4% to 5.5%. The final bond payments will be due July 1, 2027.